H. L. HOLMES.

WILMINGTON, N. C. Office over J. A. Willard's Store. Entrance corner of Princess and Water Streets. March 9, 1860.—158 &29.

DENTISTRY. A SMALL, D. D. S., Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, offers his professional services to the people of Wilnington and surrounding country.

The Natural Teeth will be filled, cleaned and treated in

he most thorough manner.
Artificial Teeth will be inserted in the best way. Correcting the irregularities of the Teeth of children and outh will receive special attention, &c.

Office on Princess street, in the Journal Building, Wilnington, N. C. March 15th, 1860.

A. F. BIZZELL. . M. EIZZELL, BIZZELL & CO., ROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 29 North Water Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C. March 8th, 1860 ALEX. OLDHAM. ALEX. OLDHAM.
STOKLEY & OLDHAM.

LA EALERS IN GRAIN, AND COMMISSION MER-

WILMINGTON, N. C. Prompt stiention given to the sale of Cotton, Flour, Baand other Country Produce. Dec. 22d. 1859

WALKER MEARES. RUGGIST AND APOTHECARY, No. 45 MARKET STREET. full stock of Medicines, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, hir Brushes, Paint Brusees, Toilet Soaps, Fancy Articles, andreth's Garden Seeds, &c., &c., constantly on hand. ention of Physicians is especially called to the ck of Medicines, which are warranted as being pure.

W. H. TURLINGTON, MISSION MERCHANT, WILMINGTON, N. C. \*\*\* Will give prompt and personal attention to all consignments of SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TIMBER, COTTON, FLOUR, and other country produce,

either for sale or shipment. My wharf and warehouses being conveniently located for e reception of produce, either by Railroad or River, enales me to make charges light. REFERS TO H. R. Savage, Cashier Bank Cape Fear, Wilmington. John Dawson, Pres't Branch Bank of N. C., Wilmington.

W. H. James, Cashier Branch Bank of Cape Fear, Raleigh. PHOLSTERER AND PAPER HANGER, CORNER PRINCESS AND FRONT STREETS, WILMINGTON, N. C.

always on hand and manufactures to order any arhe HPHOLSTERING LINE : also, a large assort-PAPER HANGINGS, which are put up at short WILLIAM J. PRICE,

NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES,
WILMINGTON, N. C. licits the patronage of his country friends, and all othrs engaged in the Turpentine business.

\*\*no office opposite No. 47, North Water street.

AVE THIS day entered into Co-partnership for the purpose of transacting the COMMISSION AND FOR-NG BUSINESS, in all its branches, in Wilmington, give prompt personal attention to all business eniberal cash advances will be made on consignments of Office on North Water street, over H. VonGlahn's tore.

O. S. YARBROUGH. Wilmington, Oct. 20, 1859-8-1y.

TOMMISSION MERCHANT, WILMINGTON, N. C.
Offers his services to Planters as Factor or Agent for the of Cotton; will give his personal attention to the sale His Commission for selling Cotton will be 50 cents per de, no additional charge will be made. Cotton forwarded

SMITH & McLAURIN, SMITH & McLAURIN, WILMINGTON, N. C.

JOHN DAWSON, Esq., Mayor. E. P. Hall, Esq., President Branch Bank State N. C. Oct. 7th, 1859.

NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES,
WILMINGTON, N. C. 25 Office in M. McInnis' Store, North Water Street.

September 23, 1859-4-1y EDWARD McPHERSON. TOMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 6 South Water Street,

Lutterloh's Wharf,

ALDERMAN & BETTENCOURT,
HOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,
No. 32 North Water Street.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

un Orders for Goods accompanied by the cash, or from tual customers solicited, and will receive prompt and ful attention. [July 29, 1859. LYORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

JOHN M. CLARK,
OMMISSION MERCHANT, AND DEALER IN LIMI Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, Hair, &c., WILMINGTON, N. C. Prompt personal attention given to consignments of aval Stores, Cotton or other Country Produce, for sale or [April 5, 1860—31tf]

NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES,
WILMINGTON, N. C

NSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, WILMINGTON. N. C.

ill give prompt attention to all business in his line.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST, and Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, ertumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and Market sts., immediately opposite SHAW's old stand Wilming

ONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs the public that he is prepared to take contracts in his line

He keeps constantly on hand, LIME, CEMENT N. B. To Distillers of Turpentine,—he is prepared to put Stills at the shortest notice May 20—37-1y. up Stills at the shortest notice W. H. McRARY & CO.,

TOMMISSION MERCHANTS, corner Princess and Water REFERENCES : H. R. Savage, Cashier Bank Cape Fear, Wilmington, N. C. Col. John McRae, Pres't Bank Wilmington, do. do. D. A. Davis, Cashier Branch B'k Cape Fear, Salisbury, do. J. G. Lash, "" " Salem, do. J. Eli Gregg, President of Bank Cheraw, S. C. [Oct 17]

GEO. W. MOOR, WILMINGTON, N. C. JOS. HANKEY.

No. 31 East Lombard Street, Baltimore, OLD LOCOMOTIVES, AND OTHER MACHINERY IN GENERAL,

STEAMBOATS, ENGINES, BOILERS, Copper Brass, Lead, Iron, and other Metals, HIDES AND PAPER STOCK, &c. &c.

BOLTING CLOTH DEPOT,

April 12, 1860. 33-3m

"HARD TIMES NO MORE." NY LADY or Gentleman in the United States, p A ing a capital of from \$3 to \$7, can enter into an easy business, by which from \$5 to \$10 per day can be realized. For particulars address (with stamp),
W. R. ACTON & CO., 41 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia. 27-6m.

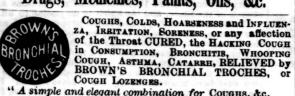
March 1, 1860.

# Wilmington Journal.

VOL. 16.

WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 19, 1860.

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.



"A simple and elegant combination for Coughs, &c. Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston. Dr. G. F. BIGELOW, BOSTON.

I recommend their use to Public Speakers."

Rev. E. H. Chapin, New York.

Most salutary relief in Bronchitis."

Rev. S. Seigfried, Morristown, Ohio.

"Beneficial when compelled to speak, suffering from OLD."

Rev. S. J. P. Anderson, St. Louis.

"Effectual in removing Hoarseness and Irritation of the COLD. Throat, so common with Speakers and Singers."
Prof. M. STACY JOHNSON, LaGrange, Ga.

Teacher of Music, Southern Female College.

"Great benefit when taken before and after preaching, as they prevent Hoarseness. From their past effect, I think they will be of permanent advantage to me."

Rev. E. Rowley, A. M., President Athens College, Tenn. Sold by all Druggists, at 25 cents per box.

Also, Brown's Laxative Troches, or Cathartic Lozenges, for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Headache Bilious Affections, &c.

AYER'S AGUE CURE. FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Head-ache, and Billous Fevers, Indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in biliary derangement caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries. No one remedy is louder called for by the necessities of the American people than a sure and safe cure for Fever and Ague. Such we are now enabled to offer, with a perfect certainty that it will eradicate the disease, and with as-surance, founded on proof, that no harm can arise from its

cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of everybody; and in bilious districts, where FEVER AND AGUE prevails, everybody should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection. It is hoped this price will place it within the reach of all the poor as well ass the rich. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of Intermittents is, that it contains no Quinine or mineral, of Intermittents is, that it contains no Quinine or mineral, consequently it produces no quinine or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease.

Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great varity of disorders arise from its irritation, among which are Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis, and Derangement of the Stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause, put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "Cure" expels the poison from the blood, and consequently cures them all alike. It is an invaluable protection to immigrants them all alike. It is an invaluable protection to immigrants and persons travelling or temporarily residing in the malarious districts. If taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infection, that will be excreted from the system, and cannot accumulate in sufficient quantity to ripen into disease. Hence it is even more valuable for protection than cure, and few will ever suffer from Intermittents, if they avail them-selves of the protection this remedy affords.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS. FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC, tion can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases.—
The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: Costiveness, Hearlburn, Headuche arising from disordered Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions. They are an excellent alterative for the renovation of the blood and the restoration of tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease.

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Inciplent Consumption, and for the relief of

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,

LOWELL, MASS.

All our Remedies are for sale by H. McLinn, Wilmi ngton;
Lucas & Moore, Goldsboro'; F. C. Duffy, Newbern; S. J.
Hinsdale, Fayetteville; Williams & Haywood, Raleigh; M.

A. & C. A. Santos, Norfolk, and by all druggists.

Jan. 11, 1860.

108-laweow—20-cowly

A GRAND VIRGINIA DISCOVERY.

OME FOUR MONTHS SINCE, our excellent townsman,
NAPHTALI EZEKIEL, informed us that he had prepared a
hair restorer with which he was experimenting upon his own
head, whose top was entirely bald. We saw him two days
since, and on the place so bald four months since, a fine
crop of hair has sprung up with a vigorous growth. So
convinced is Mr. EZEKIEL of the efficacy of his discovery
that he has named it "THE INFALLIBLE VIRGINIA HAIR
RESTORER." Mr. E. is about going into an extensive manufacture of an article which is destined to prove of anxious
interest to our bald pated friends.—From Richmond Enquirer, December 12th, 1869.

This famous article can now be had of the Brincipal Drug-A GRAND VIRGINIA DISCOVERY.

rer, December 12th, 1869.

This famous article can now be had of the principal Druggists. Those persons who desire a fine head of hair, have only to use the restorer according to printed directions on the bottle. Those who have any doubts of its efficacy, can have them removed in a short time, by using the INFALLIBLE VIRGINIA HAIR RESTORER, proving that it is all that it is claimed to be.

at it is claimed to be.
Wholesale depot for orders, 69 Main Street.
N. EZEKIEL. I, N. EZEKIEL, take oath on the Holy Bible, that I have

been bald for the past 12 years, and have restored my hair by using EZEKIEL'S VIRGINIA HAIR RESTORER.

NAPHTALI EZEKIEL.

This day sworn to before me, by Naphtali Ezekiel. WM. H. LIPPITT, sole Agent for Wilmington, N. C.

Jan. 14th, 1860-111-1t-21-12m. PAINTS\_PAINTS. DURE WHITE LEAD;

" Snow White Zinc; White Gloss Zinc;

Linseed Oil, Varnish, Patent Dryers, &c. For sale whole-sale and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT, Feb. 16. Druggist & Chemist.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having accepted the agency for the sale of E. WHITMAN & Co.'s celebrated AGRICULTU-RAL IMPLEMENTS AND HORSE-POWERS, are prepared to furnish the same at shortest notice, at Baltimore prices, adding Freight and Exchange.
Circulars containing full list of articles, with prices, may be had on application to
ELLIS & MITCHELL.

Wilmington, N. C., March 21, 1860.—8-1y\* WILMINGTON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP FRONT STREET, (BELOW MARKET STREET,) Wilmington, N. C.

L. A. HART & JOHN C. BAILEY, PROPRIETORS,

BRASS AND IRON CASTINGS, finished or unfinished;
new Machinery made and put up; old Machinery overhauled; all kinds of Patterns, Ornamental and Architectural; will supply Drafts of all kinds of Machinery and Mill Work generally. All work warranted to be as represented. Orders re spectfully solicited.

Also Turpentine Stills and Copper Work in all its branche Also Turpentine Stills and Cop November 11th, 1859—11-1y.

JOHN R. PLATT.

NO. 79 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK,
MORTER AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER
IN NEW ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTHS, from the
nufactories of HENRY BODMER AND DUFOUR & CO.
priders forwarded to all parts of the United States and
nada by Express.

Pril 12, 1860.

CARRIAGE FACTORY.

B. R. HOOD respectfully informs the public that he is still at his old stand in Clinton, where he continues to manufacture CARRIAGES, BAROUCHES, ROCKAWAYS AND BUGGIES. He is prepared at all times to execute work with neatness and despatch. He superintends all his operations in person, and guarantees that his work shall be as durable, as neat, and as cheap as any other work shall be as durable, as establishment in the State.

establishment in the State.

He is now constantly employed in manufacturing and applying his new patent acroll springs, without which no buggy can be complete. These springs prevent the usual unpleasant motion, and add but little to the cost of a buggy and is of incalculable benefit, as they completely prevent that strain upon the other springs which has given rise to so many breakings. All who want an easy riding buggy will give him a call.

May 28th, 1868 May 28th, 1858

# For Sale and to Let.

PLANTATION FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing about 300 acres, situated in the lower part of Onslow county, adjoining the town of Swansboro', and immediately on the Sound opposite Bogue Inlet, two miles from the Ocean.

The land is of an excellent quality, adapted to Corn, Peas, Potatoes, Cotton and Ground Peas. There is a two horse farm undar cultivation, the balance is wood land which is of good quality to clear for cultivation. The facilities for manuring are equal to any in the State.

There is a good two story Dwelling House with eight rooms, with a dining room attached 16 by 20 feet, two stories; also, a good double Kitchen, Smoke House, Stables, Corn House and Negro Houses, all in good repair.

There is a good Male and Female Academy within a few hundred yards of the place in successful operation, which makes this a desirable place for a person wishing to educate a family of children; also to enjoy the luxuries of the water, which abounds in all kinds of fish, oysters, &c., &c. This place is unequalled for health in the Eastern part of the State, as the dwelling is pleasantly situated on a bluff, close by the water, with an excellent spring of water close by the house, which makes it one of the most pleasant residences in Eastern North Carolina, Beaufort not excepted.

The above premises are within 18 miles of the Atlantic & N. C. Railroad by land, or 25 miles by water from Morehead City, through Bogue Sound, where there is constant passing by lighters.

I will take pleasure in showing the place to any person wishing to purchase, or any latters addressed to the state of the place to any person wishing to purchase, or any latters addressed to the part of the place in the place to any person wishing to purchase, or any latters addressed to the part of the place in the place to any person wishing to purchase, or any latters addressed to the part of the place to any person wishing to purchase, or any latters addressed to the part of the part of the part of the place to any person wishing to purchase.

I will take pleasure in showing the place to any person wishing to purchase, or any letters addressed to me at this place will receive prompt attention.

C. B. GLOVER. Swansboro', N. C., April 12th, 1860.

Swansboro', N. C., April 12th, 1860. office immediately for collection.

LAND FOR SALE.

OFFER THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE LANDS for sale: 80 acres in that famous rich Swamp, known as Gum Swamp, 8 or 10 miles East of Elizabeth-Ague. Such we are now enabled to offer, with a perfect certainty that it will eradicate the disease, and with assurance, founded on proof, that no harm can arise from its use in any quantity.

That which protects from or prevents this disorder must be of immense service in the communities where it prevails. Prevention is better than cure, for the patient escapes the risk which he must run in violent attacks of this baleful distemper. This "Cure" expels the miasmatic poison of Fever and Ague from the system and prevents the development of the disease, if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy ever yet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of everybody; and in bilious districts. The above lands will be sold on very reasonable terms, on

> Moore's Creek, New Hanover co., N. C. LANDS FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale 2,500 ACRES OF LAND, situated South of and immediately on the Wilmington and Manchester Rail Road, 22 to 24 miles from Wilmington. Their advantages in regard to health, soil, timber, summer and winter range for stock, with the natural advantages and small expense of draining, cannot be excelled in the State. Having more land than I can use

CHS. W. MURPHY.

I am offering them at a lower price per acre than any in this section. These lands are pronounced by judges to be fine cotton lands. Persons wishing to examine the said lands will please address me at Westbrooks Post Office, Bladen county, N. C., stating the time they will be at Maxwell's Depot, on said road, and I will meet them there and show them the lands. Those wishing to know anything concerning them before visiting will write and I will account ing them before visiting will write, and I will answer them J. A. ROBESON amediately.

Ashwood. Bladen County, N. C., Feb. 24. FOR SALE,

BY MERRIMAN & NEWBURY. 20 BBLS. PLANTING POTATOES;
2,000 lbs. RICE;
50 bbls. Wachovia Mills and Fayetteville FLOUR; s. new crop MOLAS

3 " old " good; 100 CAST PLOUGHS—Nos. 6, 10, 11, 50, 60. 50 wrought-iron "Bager Broon Pattern \$3 75.
30 Casteel "Nos. 10, 11, 50, 60. 20 bbls. WHITE WHISKEY, (extra )
Coffee, Sugar, Pot and Earthenware, and all other kinds of goods usually kept for sale by merchants. Our spring goods are daily expected. Give us a call. We will sell you at small profits. Bacon & Corn, Chickens and Eggs, taken in xchange. Cash paid for Turpentine.

Magnolia, N. C., March 1, 1860.—27-2m.

THE SUBSCRIBER ofers for sale his PLANTmiles West of Kenansville, on the Fayetteville road, containing 780 ACRES. The improvements consist of a good DWELLING, and every necessary out-building. About THREE HUNDRED ACRES are under cultivation and in good farming condition.

The neighborhood is good, and schooling facilities unsurpassed.

Persons wishing to purchase, are requested to call and view the premises and judge for themselves.

G. A. McCLAMMY.

VALUABLE FARMING AND TURPENTINE LANDS VALUABLE FARMING AND TURPENTINE LANDS
FOR SALE.

IMMEDIATELY on the North Eastern Railroad, at
Bonneau's Depot, thirty-seven miles from the city of
Charleston. Tract of LAND contains about TWO
THOUSAND ACRES, two hundred cleared, about 400 acres
PINE, OAK AND HICKORY LAND, and the balance
well timbered PINE LAND.
The PLANTING LANDS AND RESIDENCE are situated
one mile from Represent Depot. The dwelling is a very com-

one mile from Bonneau's Depot. The dwelling is a very comfortable HOUSE, with six rooms, Kitchen, good Servants' Houses, Barn, Stables, Carriage House, 8 or 10 Negro Houses—all framed buildings. The Pine Lands extend to Bonneau's Depot. Any one wishing to purchase, will apply to GEO. J. W. McCALL, at Darlington C. H., S. C.

LAND FOR SALE. LAND FOR SALE.

150 ACRES OF LAND in Sampson County, adjoining the lands of E. Gregory, widow Gavin, A. J. Daniel, and B. Pigford. There is a fine chance to improve the production of the land, as there is a marl bed of excellent quality on the cleared portion; it is also well adapted for corn or cotton, and would produce well with guano or plaster. There are also a few turpentine trees on the premises. Mr. E. Waters will show the lands to any person when called upon. Terms made to suit purchasers. Apply to W. R. BELL, Warsaw, N. C.

Feb. 2nd 1860.

23-3m\*

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING DETERMINED TO GO SOUTH, offers for sale his PLANTATION and LANDS, in New Hanover County, 13 miles below Wilmington, consisting of 2,000 acres, more or less, fronting on the Cape Fear River upwards of two miles, running thence to the Sea, including Sound and Banks. There are two tasks of Tupentine Boxes cut, and Pines enough for five or six more tasks. Wood, both Oak and Pine, in abundance—quite a quantity of Mill Timber might be cut, and all convenient to the water. Some two humdred acres of Marsh and Swamp Land, might be converted into a Rice Farm. The attention of persons wishing to embark in the culture of the Grape, is particularly invited.

On the premises are about 150 acres cleared land; quite a

Grape, is particularly invited.

On the premises are about 150 acres cleared land; quite a number of fruit trees; a small dwelling house and other necessary buildings, including negro houses.

To any person possessed of a sufficient force, this place offers facilities for making money rarely met with.

A further description is useless. Come and see for yourself. A bargain may be had, and no mistake.

J. G. PICKETT. J. G. PICKETT.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale his PLANTA-TION, situated within three miles of the village of Lillington, [formerly Long Creek] one mile from the county road, and seven miles from the Wilmington & Welon Railroad.

The tract of Land contains six hundred acres, two hundred of which is good farming land; about seventy acres of this latter is cleared. Four hundred acres of the tract is said to be as good Turpentine forest as there is in the coun-

Any person wishing to purchase would do well to apply at an early day. Terms moderate. For further information apply to H. McALLISTER.

THE SUBSCRIBER being desirous to change his business, offers for sale a valuable TRACT OF LAND containing from eight to nine thousand acres, of which from three to four thousand acres are well adapted to the raising of Ground Peas. There are also on the tract some four hundred acres of swamp land of which about eighty are cleared and highly productive. of swamp land of which productive.

The improvements are of the best character. For terms, which will be made very accommodating, apply to D. W. JURDAN, Little River, S. C. 45-tf

VALUABLE CAPE FEAR PLANTATION for SALE.

I OFFER FOR SALE MY LANDS lying in Bladen county, on the East side of the Cape Fear River, about half a mile above White Hall Ferry, and containing NINETEEN HUNDRED ACRES, more or less, of which about ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY ACRES are under cultivation. Of the whole amount, about FOUR HUNDRED ACRES are SWAMP LAND AND RIVER BOTTOM; the balance PINE LANDS, upon which there are four tasks of BOXES.

The improvements are a comfortable Dwelling House.

with the necessary out buildings, good Well of Water, etc.

The above valuable property, if not previously disposed
of, will be offered at public sale at Elizabethtown, on Mon-

# Legal Notices.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. ONSLOW COUNTY.

HILL KING, Administrator of William Stephens, WILLOUGHBY L. STEPHENS, IRA STEPHENS, JEMIMA STEPHENS, and MOURNING HALL.

Petition to make Real Estate Assets. T APPEARING to the satisfaction of the Court, that Ira Stephens, one of the defendants in this case, is not a resident of this State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Wilmington Journal for six consecutive weeks, notifying said defendant of the filing of this petition, and that unless he appears at the next term of this court, to be held for the county of Onslow, at the Court House in Jackheld for the county of Onslow, at the Court House in Jack-sonville, on the first Monday in June next, and answer or and heard ex parte as to him.

Teste, JASPER ETHERIDGE, Clerk.

April 5, 1860. [pr. adv. \$5 62.] 32-6t.

SAMPSON COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions-February Term, 1860. Enoch B. Carr, and wife Louisa, George Hobbs, Fanny Hobbs, and Susan C. Carr, James C. Carr, George W. Carr, Thomas R. H. Carr, and Amsey Carr, by their Guardian, Bensjah G. Carr, VS. James King, Administrator of Curtis Hobbs, deceased, and Amsey Hobbs and James C. Hobbs:

that Amsey Hobbs and James C. Hobbs, two of the Court, that Amsey Hobbs and James C. Hobbs, two of the defendants in this cause, reside beyond the limits of this State: It is, therefore, ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six weeks successively, in the Wilmington Journal, notifying the said defendants of the filing of this petition, and that unless they appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the county of Sampson, at the Court House in Clinton, on the third Monday of May next, and answer or demur to said petition, the same will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte as to them.

demur to said petition, the same will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte as to them.

Witness, John R. Beaman, Clerk of our said Court, at of fice in Clinton, on the third Monday of February, A. D., 1860. [Pr adv. \$5 62.] J. R. BEAMAN, Cl'k.

March 22, 1860.—30-6t.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—February Term, 1860 John A. McDowell

Original Attachment levied on Land. Griffith J. McMillan.

Original Attachment levied on Land.

Griffith J. McMillan.

T appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant is not within the limits of this State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of the law cannot reach him: It is ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Wilmington Journal for six consecutive weeks, notifying the defendant to be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be held in Elizabethtown, on the first Monday in May next, and replevy, or the Justices' judgment will be made absolute and final, and an order issue for the sale f the land levied on.
Witness, A. K. Cromartie, Clerk of our said Court, at of-

fice in the town of Elizabethtown, the first Monday in February, A. D. 1860.

A. K. CROMARTIE, Clerk.

March 8th, 1860.— (Pr. adv. \$5 62.)

29-6w

end the 1st of August next.

French and Music. The prices for tuition are as usual—varying from \$8 50 to \$20 per session.

Good board can be had at from \$35 to \$40 per session.

We are fully satisfied there is not a better High School in

REFERENCES.—B. S. Ewell, President of William and Mary

ISAAC N. SAUNDERS. March 29.-31-3m.

THE FIRST SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL will commence on the 2nd Monday in December next, and continue 20 weeks. Magnolia is a village of recent growth, and is proverbial for health. It is situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road, about midway between Wilmington and Goldsboro', and contains a number of handsome and tastefully arranged residences, a large and well constructed Church, (M. E.,) and three good stores. As evidence of the liberality, enterprise, and intelligence of the citizens, they have erected a College building at a cost of six or seven thousand dollars. This building is located at a sufficient distance from the railroad and depot, to be out o' reach of the noise and excitement produced by the passing of the trains. The Male and Female departments will be conducted separately, in different apartments, conveniently fitted up for that purpose in the College. The studies pursued in both departments will be such as are best calculated to de-

and Ancient Languages, each.......... 5. Music on the Piano, with use of Instrument, 20. Painting at the usual rates.

P. C. SHAW, Principal of Male Department. REBECCA SHAW, "Female"
Duplin county, Nov. 21st, 1869

# Rewards.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber on the night of the 24th inst., his negro man CHARLES. Said negro is about five feet 3 or 4 inches high, about 45 years old—throws his right foot out considerably in walking. He is well known about town. Has an old look. He formerly belonged to Mr. J. M. Clemens, who lives near Newbern, Craven

THE ABOVE REWARD.

THE ABOVE REWARD will be given to any person who will apprehend and confine in any Jail so that I get them, my two negroes, SUT & LEWIS, who ran away in 1859, from Clark & Smith, near Georgetown, S. C., or \$100 for either. SUT is about 27 years old, more than 6 feet high—very black and very likely, and will weigh about 180 pounds. LEWIS is just such another negro as Sut, except that he is not so black, and has lost a part of the fore-finger of his left hand by a Straw-Cutter. finger of his left hand by a Straw-Cutter.
HENRY S. CLARK,

RANAWAY from the subscriber's plantation, last June, his negro boy PETER. Said Peter is a dark negro, about 18 to 20 years old, 5 feet or 5 feet 6 inches nigh, tolerably stout made,—is a Cooper by trade. Supposed to be lurking about Long Creek, Lower Black River or Upper Black River Districts. I will give the above reward for his return to me, or his lodgment in the jail of New Hanover County.

Jamery 12th. 1860.

20-tf.

January 12th, 1860.

\$30 REWARD.

RANAWAY FROM THE SURSCRIBER on the night of the 27th inst., a negro man named GREEN, aged about 40 years, tolerably bright complected, coarse, harsh looking skin, bushy head of hair, had whiskers when he left, weighs about 160 pounds, is close built, broad across the shoulders, quick step, and quick spoken when spoken to, and has a small naked spot on the top of his head.

I will give the above reward of Fifty Dollars for his apprehension and delivery to me, or for his confinement in any jail so that I get him again.

It is supposed that he went off with his young master, a boy of about eighteen years of age.

Address me at Earpaboro', Wake County, N. C.
Dec. 29, 1859. [19-47] HENDERSON HOCUT.

MORTH CAROLINA INVENTION.

THE SUBSCRIBER having purchased the right to manufacture and sell Wm. E. Wyche's Patent Ploughs in the Counties of Duplin, Onslow, New Hanover, Bladen and Brunswick, takes the method of informing the citizens that he has now, and intends keeping constantly on hand a good stock of the above named Ploughs at the fellowing places: In Wilmington at Mesers. Alderman & Bettencourt's and at David J. Greer's Lamp Store, No. 45 Market street; in Onslow at Jacksonville, and at Mr. Southerland's Store at Rich-

NORTH CAROLINA INVENT

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions-March Term, 1860.

lemur to said petition, the same will be taken pro confesso,

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

T APPEARING TO THE SATISFACTION of the Court,

# Schools.

SWANSBORO' MALE AND FEMALE ACADEMY. WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, Trustees and citizens of Swansboro' and vicinity, have secured the services of Mr. A. A. Neel and lady, as instructors in the above Academy, in connection with Mr. John F. Mattocks. The present regular session began on the lat of March, and will Instruction is given in the English branches, Latin, Greek,

Mr. N. and lady are lately from Fincastle Female Seminary, Rotetourt county, Va. Mr. N. finished his education at William and Mary College; and Mrs. N. under the tuition of H. P. Lepebore, of Richmond Female Institute,

College; Rev. S. R. Houston, A. M., Union, Va.; Rev. J. S. Grasty, A. M., Fincastle, Va.; Hon. H. M. Edmundson, Washington, D. C.; H. P. Hepborne, Principal Richmond

MAGNOLIA COLLEGE. THE FIRST SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL will comboth departments will be such as are best calculated to develope the minds of the pupils; and the instruction in all cases, will be thorough. Particular attention will be paid to the moral training of pupils. In the Male department, students will be prepared to enter the Freshman class at the University. The course of instruction pursued in the Female department will embrace all the branches, both solid and

Board in the best families, including everything, \$8 pe

\$25 REWARD.

The above reward will be paid for his confinement in jail so that I can get him, or for his delivery to me at Jumping Run; and an additional sum of \$50 will be paid for evidence to convict any white person of harboring said negro.

JOHN T. HEWETT. Newbern Weekly Progress publish 8t, and send bill to Wilmington, March 1, 1860.

of Greenville, Pitt Co., N. C. 27-6m

Keneneville, Duplin Co., April 13th, 1800. 33-2m

General Notices. THE COMMITTEE for the examination of Teachers of Common Schools, will meet at my office on Saturday, the 21st of April next, at 10 A. M.

NO. 34.

Teachers interested will please attend.

B. D. WALLACE, Chairman.

Wilmington, N. C., March 29th, 1860.

32-tm NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having qualified at March Term last of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of New Hanover County, as Administrator, with the will annexed, of Charles Henry, dec'd., hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and to those having demands against the same, to present them duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

April 5 1860 33.5t. April 5, 1860.—37-5t.

ONE NOTE against Wm. McLing, made payable to Richard B. Hatch some time during last year, for \$80, with a credit of \$10, paid the present year. All persons are orewarned against trading for said note.

Mt. Olive, N. C., April 5.—32-3t. JOS. R. HATCH.

MEDICAL SOCIETY.

THE MEDICAL SOCIETY of the State of North Carolina, will hold its eleventh annual meeting in the town of Washington, Beaufort County, at 4 o'clock, P. M., on the 4th Wednesday in April, 1860.

I am authorized to state that there will be a Steam Boat leaving Newbern at 7 o'clock, A. M., Wednesday, the 25th, which will reach Washington the same day in time for the meeting. Those who may take this route must be at Golden meeting. Those who may take this route must be at Goldsboro' on Tuesday the 24th, and take the train to Newbern at 3 o'clock, P. M. that day, where they will remain until

at 3 o'clock, P. M. that day, where they will remain until next morning.

The same arrangements, respecting return tickets, will be observed by the different Rail Roads Companies as heretofore.

WIL. GEO. THOMAS, M. D., Sec'y.

Washington Dispatch and Times, Raleigh Register and Standard, Newbern Progress and Enquirer, Edenton Express, Greensboro' Times, Hillsboro' Recorder, Salisbury Banner, Louisburg Eagle, Morganton——. Rutherfordton Enquirer, Ashville Advocate, Goldsboro' Tribune, Wilson Ledger, Tarborg' Morganya, Espectaville Observer (Wilson Ledger, Tarborg') son Ledger, Tarboro' Mercury, Fayetteville Observer, Charlotte Bulletin, will copy the above notice weekly until meeting, and send bill immediately to the Secretary.

March 23d, 1860

170-1t—31-tm

INSPECTOR'S NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED having been elected INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES at March Term, 1860, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage, and will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care. ROB'T. C. JOHNSON. Wilmington, N. C., March the 21st, 1860.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have formed a Co-Partnership under the name and style of C. H. ROBINSON & CO., for the transaction of a General Commission and Forwarding Business. All business entrusted to tkeir care will receive prompt personal attention.

Marck 9, 1860—158&29

C. H. ROBINSON.

Marck 9, 1860—158&29

H. H. ROBINSON. TO THE PUBLIC.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

Feb. 9th, 1860. CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE. CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED have this day entered into a Copartnership under the name and style of FOYLES & GALLOWAY, for the purpose of carrying on the GROCERY BUSINESS in all its various branches, in the town of Wilmington, and would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

CHARLES M. GALLOWAY.

29-tf

January 2, 1860.

Wilmington, N. C., March 14th, 1860

THE SUPPLY MILL, Brunswick Co., N. C., is now in operation, at which can be obtained any of the following Lumber, viz: Pine, Cypress, Juniper, Oak, Ash and Rickory. Orders for any of the above can be filled and sent to any point desired, from Florida to Baltimore, or elsewhere, if necessary.

Dec. 22, 1859.

17-tf CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED have entered into Co-Partnership in the town of Wilmington, N. C., under the firm and style of SOUTHERLAND & COLEMAN, for the purpose of buying and selling NEGRO SLAVES, where the highest cash prices will be paid.

They also have a house in Mobile, Alabama, where they will receive and sell Slaves on commission. Liberal advances made upon Slaves left with them for sale.

D. J. SOUTHERLAND.

JAMES C. COLEMAN.

JAMES C. COLEMAN. August 1st, 1859.

WM. CARTER, S. S. CARTER. DAVID N. CARTER, JOHN Q. A. CARTER. UNITED WE STAND! WM. CARTER & SONS

HAVE ESTABLISHED the first pegmanent BOOT AND SHOE, SADDLE AND HARNESS MANUFACTORY in Chatham County, for wholesale, where may be had at short notice, at any time, a full assortment of the above named articles, all of which are principally made of their own make of Leather, and of Southern hides. We hope this will have unlimited attention from all who are down against the Harper's Ferry affair. Nothing shall be lacking on our part to please.

Our NEGRO BROGANS are unsurpassed in North Carolina, and as we make the Leather, we can sell on terms to compare with any. compare with any.

All orders from a distance shall have due attention.

kinds of county produce, raw Hides, Tallow, &c., taken in exchange at cash prices.

Messrs. T. C. & B. G. WORTH, sole agents at Wilmington, N. C., and G. W. WILLIAMS & CO., at Fayetteville, N. C., for the sale of our Negro Brogans, &c.

Address,

WM. CARTER & SONS,
Goldston N. C.

March 22, 1860. 10,000 LBS. Pure White Lead; 5,000 lbs. Pure White Zinc 500 lbs. Pure White Zinc, in Varnish;
500 lbs. Silver Paint in Oil;
50 bbls. " " dry assorted;
10 " Spanish Brown;
5 " Venetian Red; Linseed Oil;

wholesale and retail, by

SADDLE AND HARNESS MANUFACTORY. EVERY VARIETY OF SADDLES,
Harness, Bridles, Whips and Trunks,
Harness, Band, String and SoleLeather, Calf-Skin, Lining, &c.; all kinds of Oil, Coach
Trimmings, Carpet Bags, Valises, &c. Infallible Condition
Powders for diseased Horses and Cattle; every description
of Bitts, Spurs, Coach Trimmings, &c., &c. The largest
stock in the State, and sold wholesale or retail, at the lowast New York prices. est New York prices.

Harness and Saddles manufactured to order, and repaired.

JAMES WILSON,

JAMES WILSON,
No. 5 Market-st., near the wharf.
Wilmington, N. C. Jan. 5.—19-1y THE SUBSCRIBER is now in market for a number of LIKELY NEGROES, for which he is determind to pay the highest prices. Persons having such property to dispose of, will do well to call on me soon, or address me at Clinton, N. C.

B. C. BARDEN.
Feb. 9th, 1869

# FRENCH'S HOTEL,

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,

CITY OF NEW YORK.

SINGLE ROOMS 56 OLNTS PER DAY.

City Hall Square, corner of Frankfort street,

(Opposite City Hall.)

Meals, as they may be ordered in the spacious Refectory.

There is a Barber's Shop and Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel.

N. B. Beware of Runners and Hackmen, who say

R. FRENCH, Proprietor. 50-1y

J. E. CALDWELL & CO., PHILADELPHIA. PHILADELPHIA.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.—FINE WATCHES.

PATEK, PHILLIPE & CO., Watches, in Geneva.

Charles Frodsham's London Time-keepers, new series all sizes, in Hunting Cases and Open Face.

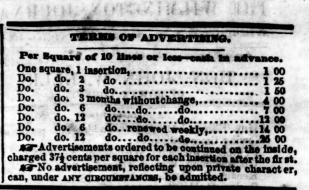
Sole authorized Agents for above, Gold and Silver, English and Swins WATCHES, Rich Jewelry, new designs.

DIAMONDS, PEARLS, and all the fashionable street.

Silver Ware, ensurpassed in style quality and finish.

Strangers visiting Philadelphia are invited to committee the control of Strangers visiting Philadelphia are invited to their NEW MARBLE ESTABLISHMENT, and

DATENT MEDICINE



North Carolina Viewed by a New Yorker. One of the editors of the New York Express writes from Raleigh to his paper, among other things, the ollowing views of

THINGS IN NORTH CAROLINA: The good old North State is such a staid State that it is a delight to look at a land and a people that have not all run to seed like the poppy, and that has really some of the old stamina left. The isms have not reached here, nor the ologies, nor the ites. They hang a man for murder, and they whip thieves and robbers, and put lesser rogues in stocks and pillories, as did our English fore-fathers, or as did we before we invented Penitentiaries and Sing Sings to lock rogues up in. What is wonderful to say, all men here, of all parties, while they boast of their lunatic asylums, their deaf and dumb institutions, &c., boast not less that they have not a Penitentiary in the State! The rogues and rascals, they tell us, quit them, that is, quit the State, after public ex-posure in the pillory and stocks. Even New York pick-pockets shun the practice of their profession in the old North State, because no "gentlemen" like them would wish to have broadcloth thus soiled, in the face of everybody. These relics of antiquity—these stocks—this pillory—the thirty-nine lashes laid on a thief's back, they reason, one and all, are better inventions, not only for the correction, but for the prevention of crime, than all the penitentiaries and prisons in all the other States. Are they right or are we wrong? Have we "progressed" backwards, or do they need going ahead?

A PRIMITIVE STATE. After a few days tarry in Raleigh, I have come to the conclusion that this is now the only really fresh, new, virgin State in the Union. I mean not, that its soil is new or virgin, or that it is fresh like California, or Minnesota,-but I mean that it is novel, new, fresh, virgin, in its very antiquity. "Progress" has not got here; that is, that Progress which turns things upside down and inside out, and that ploughs so deep as to turn all the loam under and all the sand over that loam. The politicians are not thieves or robbers as yet. They do not enter into politics just now to make money; but, strange to say, and this shows their virginity, for pleasure or for "glory." The locomotive is here, sputtering all about, and putting his nose into even the venerable and far-renowned mountain region of Buncombe,-but the locomotive is not yet a politician. The State is not Gridironed New York city fashion. If twenty North Carolina Senators, slaveholding rascals as they are, were to do what 20 New York slaveholder-hating Senators did in a night and day session, all of them would go into the stocks or the pillory, and receive 39 lashes in addition—no such "behind the age" are these Patris Conscripti of Buncombe! Every thing thus runs in this old-fashioned, primitive way. The people speak the English,—all of them,—that we in New England spoke THE SUBSCRIBER having re-opened the "UNION HOTEL," in Kenansville, would be pleased to have his friends and the public generally to give him a call, as no pains will be spared to make his guests comfortable.

PATRICK MERRITT.

Stelling means stealing here yet! And lieing, as defined in old Perry's now abolished dictionary, or as set forth in Webster's A B C spelling book, where "the old man found the rude boy," &c. Stealing means stealing here yet! And lieing, as defined in old Perry's now abolished dictionary, or as set forth in Webster's A B C spelling book, where "the old man found the rude boy," &c. Stealing means stealing here yet! And lieing, as defined in old Perry's now abolished dictionary, or as set forth in Webster's A B C spelling book, where "the old man found the rude boy," &c. Stealing means stealing here yet! And lieing, as defined in old Perry's now abolished dictionary, or as set forth in Webster's A B C spelling book, where "the old man found the rude boy," &c. Stealing means stealing here yet! And lieing, and the rude boy is the dictionary or as set forth in Webster's A B C spelling book, where "the old man found the rude boy," &c. Stealing means stealing here yet! And lieing, and the rude boy is the proposition of the rude boy." &c. Stealing means stealing here yet! And lieing, lieing! A robber is a robber, whether dressed in broad cloth or rags! When a lady is "out," she is "out," not at the head of the stairs listening to hear who rang the bell, or who knocked at the door! Blessed people! Whatfa pity it is that on the railroads will sooner or

later come " the spirit of the age!" Pesth (Feb. 3) Correspondence of London News.

The Bankruqtcy of Austria. The state of the Austrian empire and the de THE UNDERSIGNED having been elected Inspector of Naval Stores, hereby solicits a share of public patronage, and promises that he will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his hands.

JNO. M. HENDERSON.

Wilmington N. C. March 14th 1880. described than by the following official statement, which shows the amount of the bullion in the Austrian bank, of the bank notes in circulation, and of the discount of

the notes, at the periods specified in the statement:

Bullion. Bank Notes. Discourt. Jan. 1, 1859, (before New Year's speech)....£10,500,000 £38,700,000 1 per ct. Feb. 1, 1859...... 10,500,000 38,700,000 2 per ct. 

 Feb. 1, 1859...
 10,550,000
 38,400,000

 March 1, 1859...
 10,550,000
 38,200,000

 May 1, 1859, (declaration of war)...
 10,100,000
 37,600,000

 June 1, 1859...
 9,000,000
 42,900,000

 Inlu 1, 1859...
 7,900,000
 45,300,000

 7,600,000 46,600,000 Sept. 1, 1859..... 7,700,000 46,800,000 Oct. 1, 1859.... 7,900,000 47,200,000 Dec. 1, 1859, (peace of 47,400,000 24 per ct. 46,600,000 23 per ct. 46,600,000 35 per ct. 46,600,000 33 per ct. Feb. 1, 1860..... 8,000,000

Since the bank notes are the only circulating medi-

um, and the bank is not bound and does not redeem the

notes, whilst rents and interests, annuities, and any sort of payment must be accepted in bank notes, which are the legal tender, you see that the depreciation of the notes robs the capitalist, annuitant, public officer and land owner just one full third of their income. Again, we see that in spite of the pacific declarations of the Emperors, both of France and Austria, the distrust is so great as to keep the discount at thirty-three per cent., though on the 10th instant the first instalment of the Lombard indemnity money falls due at Paris with £800,000, to be followed by further ten bi-monthly instalments of £320,000 more. This ought to be an inyears. Still we see everywhere such preparations as authorize us to believe that the Emperor of Austria believes in war, and wishes it. As regards taxation, salt and tobacco are government monopolies; there is a heavy excise on wine, though the land is already taxed on which it grows; on spirits, on beer, and on butchers' meat. Coffee and tea and sugar pay heavy import duties, and the land tax is insupportable. From an estate which I know but too well, which is leased at £3,-000 a year, the lessee has to pay to the government £1,200 as land tax—that is to say, 31 1/4 per cent. of the net revenue, not including the indirect taxation, the communal and municipal taxes, the illegal exactions of the government officials, the blackmail which we are obliged to pay to the gendarmes, that they should not intrude on our privacy and not denounce us as political-Linseed Oil;
5 "Lard Oil;
2 "Best Sperm Oil;
300 lbs. Chrome Green, in oil and dry;
200 "Yellow, in Oil and dry. For sale
e and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT,
—5-tf Druggist & Chemist.

DILE AND HARNESS MANUFACTORY.

EVERY VARIETY OF SADDLES,
Harness, Bridles, Whips and Trunks,
Harness, Bridles, Whips and Trunks,
Calf-Skin, Lining, &c.; all kinds of Oil, Coach
gs, Carpet Bags, Valises, &c. Infallible Condition
Spurs, Coach Trimmings, &c., &c. The largest
the State, and sold wholesale or retail, at the low
Typical dangerous persons, and the periodical extortions under the name of voluntary loans, patriotic subscriptions for raising volunteers, for the wounded soldiers of Solferino and Magenta, or, as was the case in 1856,
contributions for loyal demonstrations in honor of his
Majesty's visit to Hungary, which, respectfully declined
by the gentry, have actually been levied in the county
of Abauj under the name of a tax of rejoicing (freudensteuer.) The result of such a financial administration
is the general ruin of the middle classes; it is sufficient
for explaining the universal hatred of the Austrian rule,
and the unanimity of all classes of the nation in opposing it. But instead of compensating this financial oppression by political liberty, the Austrian cabinet dely dangerous persons, and the periodical extortions unpression by political liberty, the Austrian cabinet destroys every vestige of it, and even under their present critical circumstances they adhere to their repressiv

> REPORT ON AN ANTI-FUGITIVE SLAVE LAW PETITION —Standing Committee on Federal Relations, to whom was referred the petition of J. W. Canfield, and fifty-five others, praying the General Assembly of Ohio "to enact that no person who has been held as a slave shall be delivered by the configuration of the confi be delivered up by any officer or court, State or Federal, within this Commonwealth, to any one claiming him on the ground that he owes service or labor to such claim-

> ant, by the laws of one of the slave States of this Union, submitted the following report:
>
> 1. The Federal Constitution provides that fugitives from service shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such services or labor is due.

2. This memorial prays that such persons shall not be delivered up on claim of such party.

3. The members of this General Assemby have all taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States.

States.

4. Article six of that Constitution provides that it shall be the supreme law of the land, and that the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding. Therefore, the prayer of this petition is, in effect, that we shall, in violation of our official oaths—as we believe—pass a law that would be, ablimite, null and void, because the judges of our State courts would be bound to decide it contrary to the Constitution of the United States. tion of the United States.

A PROFESSOR ELECTED.—We learn that Dr. Edward Warren, of Edenton, N. C., editor of the North Carolina Medical Journal, has been elected to fill the vacancy in the Faculty of the University of Maryland, occasioned by the death of Dr. Frick. Mr. Warren is said to be a young man of fine talents and high standing in his pro-fession, and will no doubt reflect credit upon the chair he is called upon to fill.—Petersburg Express.

## DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR. HON. JOHN W. ELLIS. OF ROWAN COUNTY.

Gov. Ellis and Mr. Pool will address the people at the their relative positions they may be said to present following times and places: Smithfield, Johnston, Wednesday, April 25th. Goldsborough, Wayne, Thursday, 26th. Kenansville, Duplin, Saturday, 28th. Onslow C. H., Monday, 30th. Beaufort, Carteret, Tuesday, May 1st. Newbern, Craven, Thursday, 3d.

Kinston, Lenoir, Saturday, 5th. Snow Hill, Greene, Monday, 7th. Greenville, Pitt, Tuesday, 8th. Washington, Beaufort, Wednesday, 9th. In times of real danger, mere availability-nominations known to be made for purposes of availabilityare, perhaps, the least available of any that could be

We have heard the above remark, or its substance, made several times of late, and we have been struck with its force. The argument of mere availability has ceased to have much weight. If there be grounds for preference in personal character or political position, even the very drawn by this smallest, they will at this time, as they ought at al times, to outweigh all mere considerations of availabil-

ling in availabilities or plausibilities, and we sincerely think that the plea of "availability" is about the worst one that could be set up in any one's favor. People are tired of all ad captandum in State or nation. They | this want the true, plain, old-fashioned grit.

If ever plain honesty was the best policy, it is doubly so now. Besides, it is the policy we like. We like to see our party take the best course-nominate the best and announced that it was time to proceed to business. men and meet with the best success. Believe us, the Another interesting gentleman produced this times are too critical to, allow of any tampering with right and justice. What is the nearest to right, is also the nearest to policy. The safest man for the country is also the safest man for the Democratic party. We and offered to bet on "The Boy," whereupon must rally the thinking, conservative elements of the country; and to do so, we must put up a reliable, hightoned candidate-one about whose position there can be no doubt—upon whose character there can be no flapped his wings and crowed!

We have really little to say in reply to the abu- England.) while these sive diatribe in the last Fayetteville Observer, save to congratulate that paper upon the manifest improvement apparent in its style of abuse. It has evidently reduced scolding to a science. Great natural gifts in that line were hoisted, up came have been brought to a high degree of perfection by the most assiduous cultivation, and really we now think the Observer is well entitled to the distinction, such as it is. which attaches to the office of "Scolder-General," of the Opposition party. For our part, we are so used to it. that it no more disturbs us than does the sound of our press in working off the edition of the Journal, Abuse is as much an attendant upon the working of the mental machinery of the Observer, as noise is attend ant upon the working of the machinery of our press. The vare both matters of course and equally harmless. To all the revived charges made against us by the Observer, we have replied years ago, and have no disposition to commence doing so again simply for the purpose of greatifying the spite or encountering the spleen of the Ob server. We can expect little courtesy from a paper like the Observer, in which "manifestly false," and such live expressions habitually occur.

We had the pleasure this morning of a visit from Rev. C. H. W iley, Superintendent of Common carrying him through any portion of a non-slaveholding Schools in this State.

We understand, that Mr. Wiley is mainly here on this of his knowledge and experience with regard to the conveyance, he found it necessary to go to New York.

Hall, when he will, no doubt, present facts well worthy journey might render imperative. the public consideration. Out of his suggestions, and the discussions to which they are likely to give rise, may spring up a system that will realize the best wishes and hopes of all.—Daily Journal, 17th inst.

A State Convention of the Democratic party of delegates to the Charleston Convention, met at Colum- gives evidence of ability and tact. bia on Monday. The South Carolinian says the Con. vention was largely attended, and a warm spirit evinced by its members. The Hon. B. J. Wilson, of Georgetown, was called to the chair temporarily. Hon. James L. Orr having been selected as permanent President. A committee of twelve was appointed to draft resolu-

tions for the action of the Convention. The Convention met again yesterday, but we have not heard what was the result of their labors. The Carolinian says that there is a strong outside pressure being used to promote divisions in the party, but trusts that such efforts will be unsuccessful.

about Charleston and its want of courtesy, and so forth, to the Democratic Convention, the delegates who assemble there, if they act in a manner becoming their no reason to complain of their treatment, but, on the twelve months without interest. We know several peothrong into the city, that they may find such treatment as not particularly partial to her own husband. they deserve. That class of people don't admire the treatment they receive at the hands of Southern Courts

Mr. Potter, of Wisconsin, recently challenged by Mr. Pryor, of Virginia, is said to be a very large, powerful man, while Mr. Pryor is quite slender. Potter contends that Pryor would have all the advantage over him with fire-arms, since there would be so much more of him (Potter) to aim at. Of course, Pryor is opposed to bowie-knives, as with Potter's immense physical superiority there would be no equality in the combat at

The rumor that Potter had offered rifles, or any other each other up. fire-arms, is not well founded. Pryor would have accepted rifles. Of course Potter's friends represent Pryor as having backed out. The bitter, and indeed brutal animosity felt towards Mr. Prvor by the New York Herald and its correspondents, as well as the political hatred entertained by the Tribune, cause these papers to represent the affair in the most unjust and injurious manner, so far as Mr. Pryor is concerned.

Henry T. Farmer, Esq., of Henderson, and Dr. Columbus Mills, of Polk, have been chosen delegates from the Eighth District of this State to the Charleston Convention.

candidate for Elector in that District.

The Great Prize Fight.

"Our own Artist," after the manner of "Harper," has sent us the following portraits of the combattants. It is rather a free sketch, but the moral is superb:

It will be seen that one of the champions has knocked the other flat of his back, with his heels in the air. In

A PAIR OF SPECTACLES.

Before being reduced to this condition, however, they work early. The first of his nine commissions found him a lad of fourteen, and he was but little over twenty proceeded to the scene of action in the following oldfashioned



having along with them a vessel like unto the



herewith given, supposed to be full of 'alf an' 'alf. Leaving the railroad car, they got aboard this



The people are in earnest—they do not feel like dwel- and arrived in the midst of this scene of rural felicity

Presently one of the seconds drew out of his pocket



POCKET-BOOK,

THE AMERICAN EAGLE

In the midst of a shower of rain, (it always rains in



Causing the Fancy to scatter

Pronouncing the whole affair

in the State of New York. As nearly as we can re- he could not remember the particulars of." This warcollect, it is a case involving the right of a slave-holder rior left descendants to the fourth generation, and to the to retain his slave while in transitu from one slave State | number of nearly three hundred. He was a gun-smith

A Mr. Lemon of Virginia was going out to Texas to back again, a distance in all of 60 miles, before dark, on occasion, at the invitation of certain leading gentlemen, who take a lively interest in the cause of education.—

settle, and was taking certain of his servants along with one and the same day. He never missed a Presidential one and the same day. He never missed a Presidential of the same day.

one and the same day. He never missed a Presidential of the same day. It is not a same day one and the same day. It is not a same day one and the same day.

or Gubernatorial election since the very first. They wish to consult with him, to have the advantage Texas coast to which he desired to go by that mode of policy and feasibility of organizing some system of pub- This he did, taking his servants with him. While atlic Schools for the town, based upon the State system, tempting to pursue his journey by putting himself and yet modified to meet the wants arising out of the pecu- servants on board a vessel bound to Galveston or some velopments. The correspondence implicates the leaders liar circumstances in which our growing population is other Texan port, the negroes were taken from him .placed. There is a deficiency of educational facilities, Hence this suit for damages in which the State of at least of such facilities placed within the reach of men Virginia appears a plaintiff and the State of New York the same scheme of revolution concocted and organized of moderate means, and it is to supply this deficiency, as defendant. The decision is in favour of the defence. four years ago. When Robinson was examined before that the exertions and hopes of the friends of education Any Southern man who allows his servant to even look the Senate Investigating Committee, he said that John at the waters of New York Bay, must hereafter make Brown and Redpath were the only leaders in Kansas How this is to be done we do not pretend to say ur his mind to have him taken away without any redress State party had no connection with them, and would now, nor, indeed, do we think ourselves qualified to do or hope of redress, even although he had no intention of not obey them. It appeares from the correspondence so at any time. We simply desire to call attention to bringing such servant within the limits of the State of that Robinson himself was one of the most ultra of the subject by stating that Mr. Wiley will deliver a lec- New York—none at least of keeping him there or per- the revolutionary leaders, out-strepping in atrocity ture upon this subject to-morrow evening, at the Town mitting him to remain longer than the necessities of his

> We have before us the first number of "The Georgia Forester," a weekly paper just started at Waresboro', Ware county, Georgia, C. W. Styles, Editor, E. L. Pearce, Assistant Editor.

The "Forester" is a weekly paper, of large size, and Redpath to Phillips: South Carolina, called for the purpose of appointing handsome appearance. It is Democratic in politics and

> With Mr. Pearce, the Assistant Editor, we are sufficiently acquainted to enable us to commend him to the and when pressed for a reason as to his departure, he confidence of the Democrats of Waresboro' and parts told me that he saw the whole country was going to be adjacent, as a clever gentleman and a true Democrat.— States to rouse the Governors and the people of them to We trust that he and his partner may realize their best arms, so that when the army came on us another could hopes of success in the publication of the Forester. strike our enemies elsewhere, if necessary at Washing-

We wish the Goldsboro' Independent to understand us. We do not wish to injure it in any way, or to warn people against it. It has a perfect right to its opinions and the expression of them, but when such ex | who have already been appointed, or who may hereafter pression is calculated and apparently designed to oper | be designated, will please forward their names and places ate against the Democratic party, we, as a "partizan of residence to the undersigned at Raleigh, N. C. We will bet a pretty, that after all the fuss made press," feel perfectly justified in calling attention to that the Dem. Party of N. C. fact, and shall feel perfectly independent in doing so.

CONDESCENDING .- Her Majesty, the Queen of Spain has been graciously pleased to accept the offer of the position as the representatives of a great party, will have Spanish Bank of Havana to lend her \$300,000 for contrary, will leave Charleston with ideas of that city | ple who would be willing to act quite as generously. and her people greatly modified and improved. We We don't know but what we would go beyond her ourtrust that, should any number of representatives of selves, and take the money all the time, on the same the rowdy, pick-pocket, or shoulder-hitter profession terms. Nice fat little woman, the Queen of Spain, but be estimated by the fact that when, in the spring of 1844, in boring a salt well, at the depth of 1,000 feet

> LOOMING UP .- It is reported from Washington City that the chances of Daniel S. Dickieson, of New York, feet of poles and a sinker weighing 500 lbs. into the are looming up as a candidate for the nomination of the air, like an arrow. The stream of gas is three inches in Charleston Convention.

> No truer Democrat or better national man could No truer Democrat or better national man could be nominated than Mr. Dickinson. The South would rally to him enthusiastically.
>
> Completed, this gas may be turned to some account.—
>
> Pipes may be laid along the road so as to light up by night the whole road East to Richmond and West to

We learn, verbally, that the candidates for Governor, Messrs. Ellis and Pool, appear to be in the enjoyment of fine health, and that their personal relations are and in places comes up to the surface of the earth. Bar- in his language. He left his seat, and while talking of the most friendly character. They have not yet eaten rels of it have been gathered. Thus nature invites the shook his fist at the Democratic members. The conse

It is a painful announcement, and we regret to

have to make it, but we actually heard the singing of a

mosquitoe last night. Will we be regarded as captious or looked upon as fastidious if we say that we did not admire the music.

A Steamer is in from Europe, but her news had

A ppeals of New York has decided the Lemmon slave case, affirming the judgment of the court below, by the concurring opinions of all the judges, except Justice Clarke, who delivered a dissenting opinion. The decision is adverse to the rights of a master to hold his slaves in transitu through the State of New York. The not reached our agent at Washington up to 10 o'clock case will probably go to the Supreme Court.

Good Provision.—The Japanese embassy, although coming as the guests of the United States, still have brought one hundred thousand dollars with the community of the united States, still have brought one hundred thousand dollars with the community of the left inst. says:

"We learn that four Cars, laden with Iron for the Wilmington & Rutherfordton Railroad, arrived at Charlotte on Saturday last to be used at this point leading to Rutherfordton."

BY TELEGRAPH.

DEATH OF SIR WM. NAPIER .- The death of Sir

Wm. Napier, the famed historian of the Peninsular

War, is appounced in the news by the last arrival from

Europe. Sir William served in the war of which he has

given to posterity the most truthful history, and as of-

ficer in the famous Light Division, he carned a high re-

putation as a brave and skillful soldier. In an obituary

Despite the remoteness which seems now to charac-

terize the figures of the great Duke's generation. Sir

Wm. Napier was not of very advanced age. Though he entered the army in the last century, and tought his

last fight almost fifty years ago, he was only 74 when he was overtaken by death. In his days men began to

when he went to that great war which he afterwards

undertook to describe. His extraction is remarkable

enough to deserve some mention, for one of his grand-

fathers was actually the grandson of King Charles II,

and the other succeeded to the family title while Marl-

borough was conducting the campaign of Ramilies. In the year 1606, a certain Francis Scott became Lord

Napier. By a first marriage, he produced a line of sons, from one of whom descended the present Admiral,

Sir Charles Napier; by a second marriage, he had a

son named George. This George, in the year 1781, took to wife the Lady Sarah, daughter of the second

Duke of Richmond, great grand-daughter of the Second

Charles, and previously the wife of Sir Thomas Banbury.

THE ARMY .- The War Department is making exten-

and supply trains on the Santa Fe and other routes .-

By an order just issued, Colonel Miles, of the 2d infan-

try, with the four companies of 2d cavalry under Major

Kearney, will compose an expedition to co-operate

against the hostile Kiowas and Camanches. The caval-

ry will march on the 15th, and the dragoons on the 1st

infantry, now at Fort Laramie, will march on 15th of

May next for Fort Abercrombie, under command of

Major Day. Company II, 2d infantry, now at Fort

Leavenworth, will march on the 15th instant for Fort

Riley, and on the 25th, Guard H, 2d infantry, will march

under command of Major Wessell, for Pawnee Fork, to

take post at that place. From the departments of Texas

and New Mexico, columns will be sent out to keep hos-

tile Indians in subjection, and prevent their incursions.

The time of the departure of the troops from Fort Lea-

venworth to Utah has been changed to the 1st of June.

Lieut. Col. Buchanan is relieved from the operation of

special order No. 37, and Major Blake, of the 1st dra-

the department of Oregon, and will proceed forthwith to

DEATH OF A VETERAN .-- John Ludwig Snyder died

in Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, recently, at the

age of one hundred and thirteen years. He was a na

States in 1758. A paper noticing the event says:

tive of Michaelstadt, Germany, and came to the United

He was with Washington when he crossed the Dela-

ware, on Christmas night, 1776, and was in the battle

of Trenton, the 26th of December. The light of day

was just breaking when the Americans drove in the out-

posts of the Hessians through a thick snow storm .-

Snyder was in the battle of Brandywine, September 11

1777, under Lafayette. He was transferred to the

command of Gen. Wayne, and was in his defeat near

Paoli, Sept. 20, 1777. He was in the battle of German-

town, October 4, 1774. He was encamped with Wash-

ington at Valley Forge, December 11, 1777. He has

said that the winter of that year was the coldest he ever

experienced. Our troops, he has told us shot squirrels

and drew their skins over their feet for shoes. He was

THE JOHN BROWN RAID-MORE REVELATIONS .-

ports to be a correspondence between Gov. Robinson

and Redpath and others, relating to affairs in Kansas

and the John Brown raid, which makes some curious de-

of the Republican party in the John Brown conspiracy,

nary to the raid at Harper's Ferry, both being part of

Not only did he endorse him by certificates and

posed to him to assassinate all the leading Federal of-

fice-holders in Kansas." It further appears that Rob-

inson sought to bring all the Northern States into the

sas, and that they proceeded thence to the East for that

purpose. The following is an extract from the letter of

"You perhaps remember, just before the sack of Law-

rence by the border ruffians, that Robinson started East.

I, for one, could not understand why he should want to

leave at such a time, and urged him strenuously to stay;

involved in civil war, and that he was going to the free

The Chairmen of the Executive Committees of the

ED. G. HAYWOOD, Chm. of Ex. Committee of

The Democratic papers throughout the State will

A CHEAP GAS FACTORY .- The Kanawha (Va.) Re

The extent of her manufactory of gas down in the

lower regions, near Malden, on the Kanawha river, may

the augur struck the reservoir of gas, the stream of gas

that rose to the upper surface was so powerful as to

shoot the whole boring apparatus, consisting of 1,000

diameter, and has been blowing up with unabated force

day and night, for sixteen years. When our railroad is

Cincinnati, and then enough to spare to light up three

cities. That in this same region there is an extensive

subterranean manufactory of oil, admits of no doubt .-

The oil makes its appearance on the water of our river,

. THE LEMMON SLAVE CASE DECIDED .- The Court of

Appeals of New York has decided the Lemmon slave

publican, noticing the " workshops of nature " in West-

please copy, and continue to insert for a few weeks.

Democratic party for the different counties in the State,

even John Brown himself

St. Louis to superintend arrangements for the march.

edgewick, and two componies of 2d dragoons at Fort

From that union there issued a progeny of heroes of

whom William was the third.

notice of him, the London Times says :

WASHINGTON, April 18th, 1860. The resolutions to adjourn over for the Charlesto Convention has again been rejected. LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

NEW YORK, April 18, 1860. The Steamer has arrived from Aspinwall with Caliornia dates to the 4th inst. [Her news has not been received up to the hour of going to press.]

> New York Markets. [At the close yesterday.]

Cotton steady. Flour quiet; Southern \$6 20 a \$6 30. Wheat quiet; Southern white \$1 60 a \$1 75 .-Corn firm; mixed 73 a 741/2; White 75 a 79c. Spirits Turpentine dull at 45 a 46c. Rosin dull at \$1 60 .-

THE BUFFALO HARBOR.—Buffalo, April 14th.—Two propellers have made an attempt to leave this port, but have not yet been out of sight. They can neither go further nor get back. The ice is firmly anchored, and the prospect of navigation opening is but little better than in

DEATH OF HON. WM. COST JOHNSON.-Washington, April 15, 1860 .- Hon. Wm. Cost Johnson died to-day at the National Hotel. So sudden was his decease that neither himself nor attending friends seemed aware that his life was near its close. Apparently he had been sive preparations to carry on a vigorous war against the various hostile tribes of Indians who have for the past convalescing for some days back year perpetrated outrages upon emigrants and cur mails

LATER FROM RIO DE JANEIRO.—Advices via Pernambuco are at hand from Rio to the 9th of March .-There was no change in the price of coffee. The shipments to the United States for the month of February were 32,000 bags, exclusive of 5,000 bags to California. A ID TO MIRAMON. - New Orleans, April 15 .- It is

reported that a ship with ammunition, &c., to aid Miof May, for Pawnee Fork. Three companies of the 2d ramon, will sail from here shortly. THE CONTEMPLATED DUEL .- The anticipated duel between Messrs. Pryor and Potter was stopped on Sat-

urday by the arrest of the latter gentleman, in Washington, on Saturday. He was required to give security before Justice Donn in the sum of \$5,000 that he should fight a duel with no one, and particularly with the Hon. Roger A. Pryor; nor should be leave the city for the purpose of fighting with him, either in the District or elsewhere. - Balt. Sun. How to RENT Houses .- Mr. R. Lowell, of Syracuse,

N. Y., has adopted a novel method of renting houses.— He has a number of houses, and to each tenant he offers goons, is assigned to command the troops ordered to the inducement of a daily newspaper.

> The following graphic and beautiful passage from Everett's address at the inauguration of the Dudley Observatory as a peculiar and almost prophetic interest: "That no further improvement is desirable in the means and methods of ascertaining the ship's place at sea, no one, I think, will, from experience, be disposed to assert. The last time I crossed the Atlantic, I walked the quarter deck with the officer in charge of the noble vessel on one occasion when we were driving along before a leading breeze under a head of steam, beneath a starless sky, at midnight, at the rate certainly of ten or twelve miles an hour. There is

something sublime, but approaching the terrible, in such a

scene; the rayless gloom, the midnight chill, the awful swell of the deep, the dismal moan of the wind through the rig-

I scarce know an occasion in ordinary life in which a reflect-

ging, the all but volcanic fires within the hold of the shi

ing mind teels more heavily its hopeless dependence on irrational forces beyond its own control. "I asked my companion how nearly he could determine his ship's place at sea under favorable circumstances; theoretically, he answered, I think within a mile; practically and usually, within three or four. My next question was:
'How near do you think we may be to Cape Race, that dangerous headland which pushes its iron bound, unlighted bastions from the shore of Newfoundland far into the Atand drew their skins over their feet for shoes. He was in the battle of Monmouth, June 28.1774, under Wayne, and was with Wayne at the taking of Stony Point, where the watchword was, "Remember Paoli, brave where the watchword was, "Remember Paoli, brave boys." He was with Latayette at the surrender of This somewhat notorious case has been finally decided.

This somewhat notorious case has been finally decided. This somewhat notorious case has been finally decided. The was with Latayette at the surrender of Corowallis at Yorktown, on the 19th of October, 1781. and, in his own words, "in many more scrimmages that means should be discovered of finding the ship's place more

to retain his slave while in transitu from one slave State to another, in the event of the most convenient route of age. During the last summer, he could read without for looking out which are not to be trifled with. A corresponding of the convenient of age. spectacles. When he was over 90, he walked to Clearone of the Cunard steamships, several years since, in which field and back, a distance of nearty 30 miles—and then

> ty o friends, and an acquaintance who was intemperate, but with manners good, even in his cups.
>
> "As we left Halifax a German asked our Captain when we should reach Cape Race; and, further, if there was not some difficulty on account of the variation of the currents. The captain replied in rather an indifferent manner, which swered, 'Yes, there is sometimes a difference of about twenty miles, from the change of currents. We shall get to ner of answering so grave a question with indifference, struck me in contrast, and I began to calculate that a ship

going ten miles an hour, if the current varied twenty miles, night reach Cape Race at eight o'clock, instead of ten. I determined to be on the look out, and the weather being

fears and courage at sea, particularly of presence of mind, when I heard screamed, in a most alarming manner, 'Hard a port!' 'What's that, may I go on deck?' 'Get your shawl,' was said in a second, and I was on deck with Cape Race about eighty feet above our heads. The Captain, one of the most noblest of them all, (since dead,) it seems, the wheel house to light a cigar, and was held in one of address " to the s tilers of Kansas," but he " coldly prooffices by my intemperate friend to hear a story, when one of the passengers, walking the deck, discovered land and gave the alarm, but not before, as the Captain acknowlcivil war which was about being inaugurated in Kanassengers said within half a length of the ship, from shore "A kind Providence saved us, but the engineer remarked

to me, 'it will not be long before some vessel will leave her

LOBSTERS.—The season for taking these crustacea has commenced, as we perceive at the fish market, and in a few days, and from that to July, we shall be greeted with the street cries—"fresh lob—good lob—fine lobsters."

The lobster is a very singular animal in its growth and formation. It secretes itself within a shell that is periodically thrown off and renewed. Before casting its shell it becomes smaller, pining away till it slips out of its covering. If taken at that season, it has sometimes been known to escape by alimping out and leaving only the shell in the bands. cape, by slipping out and leaving only the shell in the hands of the astonished captor; and it also has sufficient perception sometimes, when caught by a leg, to break off the en-tangled limb, which it can well enough spare, as it has four pairs besides its claws. It is not deficient in organs of hearwards, backwards or sideways; it can move along the bot-tom on its claws, climb readily over the sea weeds and rocks, or swim to the surface. By a sudden flapping of its tail, it has been known to throw itself for twenty feet, fly-

no like a bird. where it is warmer than near the shore, and in the summer it returns to build its nest and hatch its young. It is then that they are taken in large quantities all along our coast, from the Gulf of Mexico to Newfoundland, and they are equally abundant on the other side of the Atlantic, being caught near the shores of Scotland and Norway for the English markets. There is no place where this fishing is so extensively carried on as on the shores of this State, where a million and a quarter are annually taken.

Lobsters are taken in pots or traps of basket work, that are made like a mouse trap, with an opening that will allow of their entrance, but not their escape, the self-acting door of their entrance, but not their escape, the self-acting door closing upon the prisoners till they are called upon to suffermartyrdom for the benefit of the human race, by being thrust alive into boiling cauldrons. Fometimes they cause sickness, from having died previous to boiling, as well as from having been kept too long after boiling; but they do not often die of them selves, for they will easily support life for days when taken from the water, and have been known to live without sustenance for months after being caught.

Newburyport Herald.

nade by Mr. Lovejoy, in the U.S. House of Representatives, on Thursday. 'I he Tribune's Washington correspondent calls it "a tremendous philippic!" It was a paltry arangue, both useless and unprovoked. Slavery Mr. Lovejoy styled a twin relic, with polgamy, of barbarism, and he poured forth a strain of the worst calumny on the South. The speaker was as coarse in his manners as search for the great reservoir that is doubtless way down quence, of course, was a disgraceful scene. Southern matter of the Illinoisan, gave vent to a natural feeling of resentment, and at one time a collision between Democrats and Republicans seemed inevitable. Mr. Lovejoy evidently alarmed at the tempest he had roused, moderated his tone, and was allowed to finish with only a few shar his tone, and was allowed to finish with only a lew sum printerruptions. Mr Lovejoy is a fair specimen of the Seward-Helperites, and his conduct in the House was truly "republican." His gross personalities and insulting fanaticism almost occasioned a mortal combat in the

From the North Carolina Standard. Gov. Ellis and Mr. Pool at Elizabeth City.

From the North Carolina Standard.

Gov. Ellis and Mr. Pool at Elizabeth City.

To the Editor of the Standard:

As you request to be informed of the progress of the gubernatorial canvass, and as I presume your readers generally are desirous of learning the positions of the candidates of the respective parties, I have concluded to give you and them a brief and condensed summary of the main points assumed by Gov. Ellis and Mr. Pool at this place yesterday.

Gov. Ellis opened the discussion by an allusien to the honor which had been conferred upon him by the people at the last gubernatorial election; and by the late Democratic State Convention in again making him their standard-bearer in the pending contest for the office of Governor. He then proceeded to discuss the ad valorem question; and, in the outset, I will say of the speech, to which I was a pleased listener from beginning to end, that it was an effort of great ability—it was the speech of a statesman who had the capacity to comprehend the interests of all sections and all classes of the State, and the spirit to do justice to all.

The Governor was opposed to the proposition of an open Convention—was opposed to the ad valorem doctr ines of the Opposition. This new issue was the offspring of a party fruitful of new devices, and was a movement of opposition politicians to get into power. Had the people demanded a change of the Constitution on this subject? Had the question ever been mooted among the masses? No! It was the work of opposition politicians, and he had less, far less the work of opposition politicians, and he had less, far less to no slaves would be increased, and the intention of the getters-up of the movement was to make this species of property pay more taxes. He admitted that if the ad valorem principle of taxation was applied to all property it would not work injustice to the slave owner. But his competitor excepts certain articles from taxation. What were those except ons? He had called upon Mr. Pool to name them. The platform of the Opposit the tax of slaves, why the call for a Convention? They already had the power to tax every other species of property, and a change of the Constitution would enlarge the power of taxation except as to slaves, because the constitutional restriction as to slaves did not apply to other species of property. Why, then, this cry for a Convention? He was for equality in the burthens of taxation, but what was a very different thing from this boasted equal axation of the Opposition politicians. He would lay a higher tax upon the thousand dollars' worth of gold and silver plate of a man then be would upon the thousand dollars' worth of land.—

than be would upon the thousand dollars' worth of land.—
The burthen would not be so great upon the owner of the plate as it would be upon the owner of the land, who tilled the soil to subsistence. He would levy a higher tax upon the billiard table than up-He would levy a higher tax upon the billiard table than upon the threshing machine,—he would lay a higher tax upon all articles of mere luxury and vice than he would upon the everyday necessaries of life, because they could better afford to pay it, and would not so greatly feel the burthen of the tax. But the Opposition proposed to levy one uniform system of per centage upon all property alike: thus, supposing a billiard table to cost \$180, and a threshing machine pay the same tax as the billiand table, and call it equal taxation: It might be "equal taxation," but it was a very unequal burthen of taxation, from which he prayed that the people of his State might be delivered. Under the broad proposition of the Opposition platform to levy an uniform ad valorem rate of taxation upon every species of property, much that is now exempt would be taxed. Your vessels, boats, mechanical and agricultural implements would be boats, mechanical and agricultural implements would be taxed; the bacon in your smoke house and the corn in your barns—your horses and cattle—in fact, evergining would be brought under the inexorable hand of the tax collector!— Gov. Ellis was opposed to this—the Opposition platform was in favor of it—there was the difference. This was the issue, and he was ready to meet it boldly. At present the State derived a large revenue from the tax on circuses, shows, billiard tables, playing cards, bowie knives, pistols, liquor selling, &c.; but if an ad valorem principle were adopted the tax upon these things would be reduced to a level with that of agricultural and mechanical implements, vessels, horses, &c. Luxury and vice would be put upon an

The Governor solemnly warned the people of the East against the inevitable consequences of their action at the ballot box. If they wanted a convention, they had but to indicate it by their votes, and the people of the West would indicate it by their votes, and the people of the West would accommodate them. If you will not fight your own battles, you cannot expect the Western men to fight them for you. And if you once get into an open Convention, what then?— Who will have the power? The West. Where will this all end? He would not ask the East to place themselves in the power of the West. He did not charge that the West would use that power to the injury of the East, but no man should place his liberty or property at the mercy of enother.

equal footing with industry and virtue. A vessel worth \$500 would be taxed as high as a billiard table worth \$500—and

Moreover, regard should be had to equal expenditure, as well as to equal burthens. Western men would not object to raising the taxes if all the money raised by taxation was to be spent in Western improvements. The East already pays a heavy tax for the building up of improvements.— Pasquotank county, (comparatively a small county,) paid some \$8,000 into the treasury, and had no public improvement. Burke county, with a much larger population, paid less than \$4,000, and had received half a million in apprpriless than \$4,000, and had received hair a million in apprpriations. The First Congressional District paid upwards of \$90,000 taxes, while the Mountain District paid only about half that amount. The East had been liberal—he approved of these appropriations—but he would not ask the East to increase her rate of taxation. The West ought to be satisfied with the liberal spirit of the East. He was for completing works already begun; but he was opposed to instituting a mode of taxation by which the West would have the prover of making appropriations and liberage and then power of making appropriations ad libitum, and then of making the East pay for them.

Mr. Pool in his turn, took the ground that he was infavor of equal taxation—that he wanted equality at the ballot-box and equality at the tax-box. He declared that a change of the Constitution was necessary in order to protect slave pro-perty from undue taxation—that, as the Constitution how pleased or slave property, and he wanted to succor it, beyond contingency, against the encroachment of taxation.—
[Par parenenthese, they have been some time in finding this out! And Gov. Ellis in his rejoinder, told Mr. P. that the present Constitution gave a sufficient check upon that score, is the white folks had to be taxed pari passu with the black.] He wanted the thing fixed beyond dispute—and so fixed by the Constitution that slave property would be equally protected with all property; that it was just that slaves uld pay their due proportion of the taxes, according to

Was it right, just, fair or honest, that a man owning a slave worth \$1500 should pay no more tax than a man who own nothing but a gold watch valued at \$80? Why "Jim Johnquotank county, only paid about \$60 per annum taxes upon them; while the merchant who brings into the State \$400 them; while the merchant who brings into the State \$400 worth of liquor for sale pays \$70—ten per cent. on his capital invested, and \$30 for his license. Was this fair, just, or honest? A man should be taxed according to the value of his property—he should be taxed ad valerem. He denied that his party was committed, is their platform to an open, unrestricted Convention. Gov. Ellis had quoted from the Raleigh Register, to show that that what they wanted was an "open Convention." Well, suppose the editor of the Register did say so, what of that? The resolution of the Convention and is vention had designated the object of the Convention, and it said nothing about an "open Convention." What he advocated was a Convention for a specific-purpose—that was what the party who nominated him demanded.

Mr. Pool declared that the effect of ad valorem tax upon

Mr. Pool declared that the enect of ad valorem tax upon property generally would not increase the tax upon slaves—that the Governor and himself agreed upon this point—that the proposed change would tax articles not now taxed, and thus keep up the revenue of the State without increasing the tax upon slaves. [Gov. Ellis, upon this point, wanted to know why the reference to "Jim Johnston's" slaves. and small tax paid upon them, if it was not to show that the tax upon negroes should be increased? Why talk of the \$1500 negro in juxtapesition to the \$80 watch, if it was not that he (Mr. P.) wanted the tax on the negro increased according to his value? It must be intended either to increase the tax upon slaves, or else to put a tax upon articles now exempt, such as horses, cattle implements for Chapteria. exempt, such as horses, cattle, implements, &c. Otherwise, why seek a change? And the change was not necessary except in the case of slaves.]

Mr. Pool contended that the discrimination recommended

in his party platform was tantamount to an exemption, though he did not designate the articles in favor of which he would discriminate. If it was desired to foster a particular interest, a tax of half a cent or any smaller fraction of a cent would be a tax, and they had the right so to discriminate; and this upon the Governor's ground, that to discriminate implied a difference in taxation, and that some tax must be laid on all articles in order that a discrimination must be laid on all articles in order that a discrimination might be made between them. But Mr. Pool thought that hair-splittling, and took the higher, bolder ground that his platform should be interpreted to mean exemption and not DISCRIMINATION, in the nice sense of the Governor, and hence he would exempt certain articles entirely from taxation, though he did not specify them except as "little articles of though he did not specify them except as "little articles of though he did not specify them except as "little articles of household and kitchen furniture,"—did not say what or how

The Governor had spoken of the present constitutional

arrangement of the system of taxation upon slaves, as a solemn compact between the East and West that ought not to be disturbed—it would engender ill-feeling at home and give encouragement to the black Republicans, But Mr. Pool and the compact is the state of the s to be disturbed—it would engender ill-feeling at home and give encouragement to the black Republicans, But Mr. Pool said this came with an ill grace from a gentleman who (he alleged) had ridden into power upon a similar disturbance of a constutional compromise, (Free Suffrage;) and the Governor's party had upset the great Missouri Compromise and now, forsooth, proclaims a pious and holy reverence for compromises and compacts! Mr. Pool contended that the proposed change would not encourage the black Republicans, but quite the contrary; that the present system taxed slaves as persons, which was playing into the hands of the Republicans. He wanted to tax them as property, declaring that North Carolina was the only Southern State that taxed them as persons, all the rest taxing them as property. These were the general grounds taken by the candidates as I understood them. Many little pleasantries and sharp encounters of wit passed between them, which I have not time to refer to. Suffice it, that Gov. Ellis showed himself well skilled in giving and parrying these blows. I will only add, that Gov. E. made a powerful impression upon our people, and that he has only to "go and do likewise" in the other counties, and all will be well.

Elizabeth City. April 7, 1800.

PASQUOTANK.

DEATH OF A FRENCH EXECUTIONER.—One of the

performers in the horrid tragedies of the Robespierre period, has just met a dismal end at the age of 97. A merston's organ, the London Post, is responsible for the vagrant and a beggar for the last 40 The Charlotte Bulletin of the 16th inst. says:

Columbus Mills, of Polk, have been chosen delegates from the Eighth District of this State to the Charles from the Eighth District of this State to the Charles from Convention.

James A. Dickson, Esq., of Burke, is the Democratic and date for Elector in that District.

The Charlotte Bulletin of the 16th inst. says:

The Prince of Wales Advised to Visit the U. State The London Times of the 20th ult., after discussion he contemplated visit of the Prince of Wales

It would be a matter of regret if the Prince of W. satisfied with the homage of the Canadians, should satisfied with the nomage of the Canadians, should need to visit the Republic which now plays so great part in the world. We do not, of course, anticipation any case that the Prince would return to England out having set foot on the United States territory; there are different ways of visiting a country, and none repays attentive observation more than the An ican republic, so none is likely to be so ill underest by a mere flying tourist. America is not a country museums and palacies, to be "done" in so many with a Murray's Handbook. Its interests consists its people, in the phases of civilization through w they are passing, in the political and commercial at ity which they display in their energy and restlession their greatness and their weakness.

Although we cannot expect that a youth in his teenth year should be able to appreciate the Ame Commonwealth, yet we feel sure that a journey the the United States and some association with the would not be lost labor. Of a kind and courted ception the son of Queen Victoria may be very sur The interest of Americans in the descendants of the mer ruler of their country is second only to that o glishmen themselves, and, whatever may have bee merly the case, the feeling is now one of good will sympathy. The Prince of Wales might find hot struction and recreation in a visit to the Atlantic ei whether it be New York in all its ambitious and new splendor or its more quiet rivals.

There is much to be learnt from a few weeks of travel-more than a royal personage may ever wards have an opportunity of learning. One who called to such high destinies, and who will have opportunities of directing the tastes of his country may advantageously study the progress in the art life by a people thrown, as it were but yesterday, on shores of a new continent, a progress not less wond than their commercial prosperity. If the Prince Wales should further visit the President of the Un States at Washington, the courtesy will, we feel s be appreciated, and tend to draw closer the boads whi unite the two countries.

Hints to Young Gentlemen. Don't submit to be crowded off the pavement into muddy gutter by two advancing balloons of silk whalebone. Havn't your newly blacked boots as gr a claim to respect as their skirts? Look straight fore you, and stand upon your rights like a manladies can contract themselves a little if they see then

no help for it. Don't talk literature and fine arts to the pretty gi of your acquaintance until you are sure they know difference between Thomson's Seasons and Thomson Arithmetic. And if they look particularly sentiments then you may know they don't understand what you talking about!

Don't ask a nice little girl about her doll unless are very certain she hasn't "come out," and has been engaged in two or three flirtations already. Don't stay later than eleven o'clock when you spe the evening with a pretty friend—the wisest and win man in Christendom becomes a bore after that hour Don't believe any woman to be an angel. If feel any symptoms of that disease, take a dose of tea and go to bed-it is as much a malady as the sm pox, and it is your business to get over it as quickly

possible. An angel, indeed! And, above all, don't imagine that you must le your lady-talk and gentleman-talk in separate budge labelled and sorted, unless you want the girls to la at your wishy-washy sentimentalism. Talk to them frank, manly style, as you would to an intellig gentleman. Don't suppose, because they are won they don't know anything.

AN AMUSING BET .- One of the most amusing wage we ever heard of was in Chicago on the day before municipal election in that city.

The bet was between a water street merchant as Ned Osborne of the Tremont House th and tobacco dealer in the city, and was to the effect if Wentworth was not elected, Osborne should have privilege of kicking the Water street merchant a said from the Tremont House to Springer street. day after the election, the merchant having lost, he can to Osborne's store, and presented his person to him the contemplated kicks, and demanded that Osbor should take the stakes. Osborne had been training right leg all the previous day, and had armed his fo with a heavy cowhide boot, with soles as thick as two clapboards. The merchant started up by the Tremont, Osborne delivering a heavy kick as he started, but drew back his foot with a spasmodic action and paroxysm of countenance absolutely pitiful. He tried another of but the loser flinched not, and kept on his way und turbed by the voiley he had received. The result of was worse than the first, and he fairly curled up on ground and howled with pain. The merchant stopp and camly inquired, "Why don't you take the stakes What have you got in the basement of your pants? cried Ned. "Milwaukie bricks," shouted the merchan "and we arn't within a mile of Springer street vet." Osborne subsided, paid the champagne, and has bee wearing a list slipper ever since.—Buffalo Republic.

The Cincinnati Press states that a novel case of eas corpus, involving curious and important questions law, was tried before Judge S. M. Moore, of the Circuit Court, Covington, Kentucky, recently. A resident that city, named Wm. Ross, a short time since becam enamored with his step-daughter, Margaret Coleman who reciprocated his affections, and a marriage engage ment was the consequence. But the affianced pair foun that their relationship was among the degrees prohibited by the laws of Kentucky. But the river was easily passed, and once in Ohio, the restraints of law would be removed—marriage between blood relatives alone being prohibited in that State. They accordingly visited Cincinnati, were united in matrimony, and returned home rejoicing. The friends of the parties, however, were dissatisfied with the nuptials, and determined to

The girl being a few months under twenty-one year of age—the period of female majority in Kentuckyand till the time of her marriage having been under the guardianship of a man named Hall, but who had I signed as soon as that event had taken place, a guardian named Elisha Coleman, a relation of the lady, was ap pointed for the occasion, and a writ of habeas corpus was sued on Ross, commanding him to produce his will before Judge Moore, and show by what authority she was detained by him. The proper evidences of the marriage were produced, and the fact that she was more than eighteen years of age, which concluded the period of her infancy at the place where the marriage was solemnized. were produced in court. The attorneys for the guardian claimed that as the parties were residents of Kentucky a marriage elsewhere, to evade the laws of that State was null and void.

The judge sustained this position, nullified the marriage, and gave the lady into the custody of Mr. Cole

A COMPLICATED ACCIDENT.—The U. States steam frigate \_\_\_\_\_, after a long cruise, returned by order to the Brooklyn navy yard, when all on board were immediately " paid off." One of the firemen, Dennis Me Finnigan, upon the receipt of his wages went on a spree, and after making away with a good part of his money squared his canvas to the abode of his wife. Placing \$200 in gold in her lap, he informed her tha

" An' phat did you do with the rest? inquired she "The rest what?" returned Dennis, with well-feigne astonishment at her inquiry.
"Why, the other \$200. Wern't you to get \$400

"Uv coorse; an' didn't I? Lave me alone for that but ye see, Peg, there was an axident on board, and meself that had to pay the damages." " An' how's that?"

"Well, ye see, Peg, an its no lie I'm a tellin ye, as we were a comin' up the bay, the Blower bust a steam pip an' the engineer tould me to go to the hayloft an git lift handed screw wrench to repair it; an' in my hurry obey his ordhers, bad luck to meself, I put me tut in it

"Divil blow me, if it didn't break in two; clane

"The cylinder head, bad luck to it, for it scalded the body uv me, so it did. See the eyes of me, how red they are. Send for a dhrap."

To PREVENT CATS KILLING CHICKENS .- In the new London paper, Once a Week, Miss Harriet Martineau is publishing a very interesting series of sketches, entitled Our Farm of Two Acres,' in one of which sketches she gives the following as a sure preventive against the killing of chickens or birds by cats: 'When a cat is seen to catch a chicken, tie it around her neck, and make tion, and respectfully solicit your votes. her wear it two or three days. Fasten it securely, for she will make incredible efforts to get rid of it. Be firm for the time, and the cat is cured; she will never again desire to touch a bird. This is what we do with our own cats, and what we recommend to our neighbors.

ANOTHER VERSE.—It is our honorable privilege to give to the world another verse of "Ole Uncle Ned." never before published, but written and sung by the original author. It is an important addendum to the

"Uncle Ned's ole dog laid down by his grave And he howl'd in de light ob de moon;
And he wonder'd if Ned wouldn't come back agin To hunt for de possum and de coon."

Edgefield Advertiser.

A parliamentary return issued recently, shows that the total number of persons killed and injured from all And any particular directions, as to style of Bosom. Collar causes on all railways in England, during the half year or wristband. The English and plain wristbands are most ended Dec. 31, was 117 killed and 266 injured. In the in favor. corresponding half-year of 1858, the killed were 133, and injured 381.

LATER FROM RIO JANEIRO.-By an arrival at New Bedford, we are in the receipt of Rio dates to the 22d of February, which is fourteen days later than those last received. Prices for coffee are unchanged, and round lots for the United States are quoted at 6||400 a 6||500 The stock is 130,000 bags, and clearances to the United States since the 1st instant were only 24,000 bags, 14,-000 bags of which were cleared previous to the 7th, the date of the last advices. The only vessel known to be on the way to Baltimore with coffee is the Monticello. which cleared early in February with some 3500 bags.

WHY SO MUCH BEAUTY IN POLAND .- " Because, says Bayard Taylor, "there girls do not jump from inancy to youngladyhood. They are not sent from the cradle to the parlor, to dress, to sit still and look pretty No they are treated as children should be. During childhood, which extends through a period of several years, they are plainly and loosely dressed and allowed to run, romp and play in the open air. They are not loaded down, girded about, and oppressed every way with countless frills and superabundant flounces, so as to be admired for their clothing. Nor are they rendered delicate or dyspeptic by continually stuffing candies and sweet cakes, as are the majority of the American children. Plain, simple food, free and various exercise, and an abundance of sunshine during the whole period of childhood, are the secrets of beauty in after life.'

NEGROES DROWNED .- A friend writing us from Ons-Negroes Drowned.—A friend writing us from Onslow informs us that two negro boys, the property of Owen FLORENCE CAROLINE, infant daughter of J. H. & C. O Huggins, were accidentally drowned in the vicinity of Huggins, were accidentally drowned in the vicinity of The little cradle is empty, and the little dresses of the Jacksonsville on the 4th of March, and their bodies were not found untill the 26th of the same month. The particulars of the drowning are not given. Newbern Progress.

# HATHAWAY & CO..

WILMINGTON, N. C., OFFER FOR SALE

1,000 bags Rio, Laguavra, Cape and Java Coffee. 300 hhds, choice new crop Cardenas Molasses, now landing from the Brig John Hathaway, direct from Cardenas. 100 barrels Clarified Sugars.

50 tierces choice clean Rice. 00 barrels strictly choice planting Potatoes. w keys Nails, of all sizes, of a good brand.

40 hhds. of choice Cincinnati Bacon Sides and Shoulders. We also keep constantly on hand a large stock of Sugar in hids., all kinds of Syrup, Pork, Lard, Soda, Butter, Cheese, Glue, Hoop Iron, Rope and Bagging, Starch, Soap the lade Too Suice and Ginger. Cream of Tartar, Pepof all kinds, Tea, Spice and Ginger, Cream of Tartar, Pepper, Gunny Bags, Havana Segars, Candles, Tobacco, Mustard, Yeast Powders, Hay, No. 1 Cut Herring, Mullets, Matches, Salt, Vinegar, Oil, &c.

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA, The very best remed FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD. The health of the human system depends almost entirely pon the state of the blood. If the vitalizing fluid which ervades every issue, every membrane, fibre, filament, gland, other organ primary or subsidiary; if the body be char-

ged with the element of disease, sickness must be the conse Causes of Disease existing in the blood are eradicated, no permanent relief can expected. It is here that the powerful health restoring roperties of this Medicine are manifested; its searching opion reaches the causes of disease, and the cures it perrms are therefore radical and thorough.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 ulton street, New York.
For sale also by W. H. LIPPITT, Wilmington, N. C.
April 19th, 1860.

WILMINGTON DISTRICT .- SECOND ROUND. DR. DEEMS' APPOINTMENTS.

pril 14, 15, Whiteville, ..... Swindell's

June 9, 10, Bladen.....Soule Chapel.

\*\*BW WHITEVILLE CIRCUIT.—To this work Rev. C. W. King
was appointed. His health failed. Rev. Carson Parker was LOST OR MISLAID.

NORTH EAST CIRCUIT was left to be supplied. The health of Rev. C. W. King has so far recovered that in a very short time he will be able, probably, to resume his labors. He will take charge of North East Circuit until the next annual Conference. It is very desirable to have every member of the Quarterly Conference present at Macedonia.

nember of the Quarterly Conference present at Macedonia. CHARLES F. DEEMS, P. E. THE PARMENTER & CAMPBELL SEWING

MACHINE. PATENTED AUGUST 16th, 1859, by E. BOOTH. The most perfect Machine manufactured.

E. T. BARRY, Ag't., Photographic Rooms, Mozart Hall. 118&22-tf

ALE\_PORTER\_LAGER BEER! WEEKLY RECEIPTS OF ALE from "Rud-man's Eagle Brewery," Philadelphia, one of the best in the country, and for sale in quantities to All orders from the country (accompanied with the noney) will be promptly attended to. always on hand the first quality of LAGER BEER and PORTER, at the Saloon on Dock, between Water and

Front Streets, Wiln.ington, N. C. March 31st. 1860 177&32-tf

An experienced nurse and female physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the ocess of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inammation-will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column. Feb. 25.—147-3m—27-1y.

# THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS Prepared from a prepscription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicince is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and re moves all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied TO MARRIED LADIES

it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each packa, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada, JOB MOSES,

COFFEE.—It will be seen that Messrs. O. G. PARSLEY TO THE VOTERS OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY. YIELDING TO THE EARNEST SOLICITATIONS OF many citizens in different sections of the county, I have concluded to again offer my name as a candidate for the office of Sheriff.

I respectfully solicit your suffrages at the election to be held in August next, trusting that my past course in office has proved me to be not unworthy of your support. Daily Herald copy te. E. D. HALL. April 10th, 1860.

d&w-te TO THE VOTERS OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY. I HEREBY announce myself a candidate for the Sheriffalty of the County of New Hanover, at the coming August elec-

W. T. J. VANN.

## GENTLEMEN'S PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS. SOLD READY-MADE Or made to Special Order, in any desired

Style. Form of Measurement, for the benefit of gentlemen living at a di tance :

lst. Height of person.
2d. Breast—close under the the arms.
3d. Waist.
4th. Neck—outside of neck
the arms.

band of shirt worn.
5th. Wrist.
6th. Centre back to should'r 7th. " to elbow.
8th. " to hand.

SHUBERT'S FRENCH PATTERN DRAWERS. Ready-made, or made to measure, are entirely unapproach able in point of FIT, QUALITY and LOW PRICES. Call and see the assortment, or send your orders an

O. S. BALDWIN. measures to 38 Market st., Wilmington, N. C. April 9 .- 184& 33-3m. Holloway's Clutment .- Gout, lumbago, rheumatism are infallibly removed by a continuous use of this great detergent application. Warm fomeutations should in all cases gent application. Warm fomentations should in all cases precede its use. It relaxes the constrained muscles and fi

MARRIED.

Druggists, at 25c., 63c., and \$1 per pot.

bres, and assists nature in completing a cure. Sold at the manufactory, No. 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all

In Bladen county, on Tuesday, April 10th, by Joseph Elwell, Esq., at the residence of Noah Watson, Mr DAVID SHARMAN, to Miss ANN ELIZA WATSON, all of Bladen. In Onslow county, on Thursday, the 12th inst., by O. B. Sanders. Esq., at the house of Mr. Enoch Foy, Mr. EDWARD C. SANDLIN, to Miss CHRISTAIN A. E. ENNETT, daughter of the late John S. and Catharine Ennett, all of Onslow

DIED.

At his residence, near Magnolia, Duplin county, N. C., on the 6th inst., Mr. WILLIS WILSON, aged 54 years. Mr. Wilson had been a member of the Baptist Church for many years. He leaves a wife and six children, and a large number of relatives and friends, to mourn his death. Com. In this town, on the 14th inst., of pneumonia, Mr. CHAS. BADE, a native of Hamburg, Germany, aged 30 years. At the home of its parents in Richlands, Onslow County

baby hang in mourning drapery around the rooms; the little cries are hushed in deaths domain; but its wail is on our ear. Can a pen write or an orator deliver a discourse which speaks such volumes to a mother's heart?—she who is never deaf to the cries of her suckling; she, who spends sleepless nights in bending over her infant, and watching with painful anxiety each struggle and the final end of her baby? No! The sight of these proclaim a sermon more pathetic than the most eloquent divine could deliver.—
"Let us hear the conclusions of the whole matter; fear God

and keep his ten commandments, for this is the whole duty of man".—Ecclesiastics, 12th chap. 13th verse. J. H. F. At the residence of Timothy Gurganus, on Moore's Creek, on Wednesday the 4th inst., Mrs. DORCAS, wife of Jnc Gurganus, Sr., in the eightieth year of her age. She had been a consistent member of the Baptist Church for many

LANDS FOR SALE.

Cape Fear River. This land is as good for farming as any in this county, there being six or seven hundred acres of good SWAMP, the most of which is drained, fifty acres under cultivation that will produce from forty to fifty bushels per acre. There are Houses on this tract and two tasks of Turpentine Boxes. Also, 150 acres adjoining the Lands of Daniel Johnson and Wm. Bordeaux. Also, 200 acres adjoining the lands of Elizabeth Melvin and George Cain; 320 acres adjoining Peter Cain and Owen Gardner; 150 adjoining John Cain,—the last mentioned lands are well timbered. April 13, 1860.—34-3m

VALUABLE SWAMP LANDS FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER having determined to go South, offers for sale his entire possession of LANDS in New Hanover county, 30 miles from Wilmington, and one mile from the Cape Fear River. in Caintuck District, there being about 360 acres in all, of which 35 acres are drained and cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation—there being about 200 acres more to clear, all heavy growth Swamp Land, being a portion of the well-known JUNIPER AND BEAR SWAMPS, and the balance UPLAND. The Swamp is well adapted to the production of Corn, Peas, Potatoes and Rice. On the Plantation is a very good DWELLING HOUSE nearly new, and all necessary out-houses, and a good Well of Water. The place is pleasantly located, and as healthy as any in the State. Also, another tract immediately on the Corne Feer Pipes and the state. diately on the Cape Fear River, containing 152 acres, about 2 miles from the above plantation, all fenced for the purpose of a Pasture. There is about 40 acres cleared and well adapted to Corn. Peas, Pumkins, &c. Also, there is any quantity of OAK AND ASH WOOD handy to the river, which can, with little labor, be turned into money. person wishing to settle himself on as valuable and antly located a place as any in this country—in a good neighborhood—would do well to call soon, as I am sure the place is too well known to remain on hand long. Apply to the subscriber on the premises, or address Arthur Bourdeaux, Caintuck P. O., New Hanover county, N. C.

ANOTHER "SOUTHERN BOTTOM." BOUT THE 20TH OF MAY, we expect the Brig "H. will be sold upon arrival on usual terms. The attention of the Merchants of the State is respectful-O. G. PARSLEY & CO.

SUGAR\_SUGAR.

50 "N. Orleans, just received in store and for sale boril 18.

T. H. McKOY & CO. April 18.

25 BBLS. PRIME & Choice Porto Rico Sugar. L. B. HUGGINS & SONS, S. E. corner Market and 2d sts. WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, &C. CEDAR TUBS, do. Pails, Painted Pails, Well Buckets, Flour Pails—open and covered,—Willow Baskets, Clothes Baskets, Clothes Hampers, Fancy Baskets, Farmers' Baskets, Wash Boards, Brooms, Plow Lines, Clothes' Lines,

Bed Cords, Coffee Mills, &c. For sale by
L. B. HUGGINS & SONS 8. E. corner Market & 2d sts.

STARCH.—Colgate's XX Starch, in 6, 12, and 40 lb. box-es. For sale by I. B. HUGGINS & SONS, April 18. S. E. corner Market and 2d sts. AND TRUNKS, TRUNKS, TRUNKS. VALISES, VALISES,

S VALISES. EATHER BAGS, RAIL ROAD BAGS. Just opening new assortment at 34 Market Street.
April 18. MYERS & MOORE.

CORN!

L ANDING FROM SCHRS. TELEGRAPH, ELLA and R.
K. HAWLEY, 5,907 Bushels Prime White Flint Hertford CORN. Low for cash, by
April 16.

STOKLEY & OLDHAM. [COPY RIGHT SECURED.] READ THE FOLLOWING, handed us by Doctor Mc

MR. O. S. BALDWIN :- I have seen in use for months the Sewing Machine (Singer's Standard) that I purchased of you, and find it all that you represented it to be. you, and find it all that you represented it to be.

It does not, in fact it cannot, get out of order, without the intentional use of great violence. The working of it is so easily learnt, that a child or negro in a few hours can learn to use it. In fact, one of my children learned to sew on it in an hour or so.

I first tried a BELT Machine, but could do nothing with it. There is no hypering of needless expect from green cannot be a superfection.

RECEIVED by Adams & Co.'s Express, at
KELLEY'S NEW BOOK STORE.
Livingstone's Travels and Researches in South Africa, with
Maps and Engravings.
Burns' Complete Works, in large Type.
The Koran, translated by G. Sale.
Domestic and Ornamental Poultry, by S. Dixon.
Young's Night Thoughts, in Library Binding.
Josephus' Complete Works, in 2 vols.
The Land and the Book, or 20 Years' Residence in the Holy
Land, finely illustrated, by Wm. Thompson.
The Life of North American Insects, by Jaeger.
The Fate of Sir Johh Franklin discovered by Capt. McClintock, of the Fox. tock, of the Fox.

adventures of Jonathan Hombred, or the Scrapes of a Live

Yankee.
Robert Graham, by Mrs. Lee Hentz.
Beulah, an interesting Novel, by Mrs. Evans, of Mobile.
English Hearts and English Hands, a new work.
Say and Seal, a new work in 2 vols., by the author of Querchy, Wide Wide World, and Very Popular.
200 Stories for Children.
Notes on Nursing, by Florence Nightingale.
April 17th.

ANTISEPTIC AND AROMATIC ANTISEPTIC AND AROMATIC

TOOTH SOAP.

I TISA REMARKABLE FACT that persons in the daily use of Soap as a Dentrifice, have cleaner, whiter, and sounder teeth, than those who use other preparations. The only reason that can be given for this is, that Soap is the only article that will destroy the vitality of the Animalculæ that destroy the teeth of every individual. There are, however, two great objections to any Fancy Soap prepared for the skin; First—It is exceedingly unpleasant to the taste; Second it contains far too much Alkali, which causes the gums to become soft, spongy and tender, and gives them a pale livid appearance, instead of a healthy, ruddy color.—After a number of experiments, the proprietor feels confident to influence the state of th After a number of experiments, the proprietor feels confident he is offering to the public an article which only requires to be known to be in good and the public and the known to be in good and the be to be known to be in general use.

By adding a concentrated extract of choice Aromatic Roots and Barks, the Alkali is sufficiently neutralized, and a pleasant AROMATIC FLAVOR given in the place of the

aste of Soap, at the same time retaining its virtues to destroy the Animalculæ.

It effectually removes Fœtid Matter, or Tartar, and gives a brilliant white, smooth polish to the teeth, heals and har-dens diseased and tender gums, purifies the breath, and leaves a pleasant AROMATIC FLAVOR in the mouth. It is in neat portable boxes, containing sufficient to last twelve months, at the low price of

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
O. S. BALDWIN, 38 Market Street. Wilmington, N. C. daw BONNETS\_BONNETS.

WE HAVE opened the largest and most attractive stock of Stock of BONNETS AND MILLINERY GOODS ever offered in this city. Our stock consists in part of PARIS MADE BONNETS of the latest style and best material. In Fancy Lace, Straw, Chip and Pamila Bonnets, we have an almost endless variety; and for those who prefer HOME manufacture, we have beautiful assortment of superior styles of LACE, CRAPE AND SILK BONNETS,

otten up by Miss C. Pteil, expressly for our trade; togeth-MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S FLATS. naking our assortment far superior to any in the market. Call and judge for yourselves at yourselves at
KAHNWEILER & BROS',
2d door from the Exchange Corner.

GUANO ARRIVED.

O BAGS NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO, just received per Barque Lucy Ann. Landing and for sale by W. H. McRARY & CO.

OUR OWN IMPORTATIONS. NOTHER INVOICE OF IRISH LINENS, just received
April 17 HEDRICK & RYAN. DEBEGES AND MOHAIR LUSTRES,

JITH A GENERAL STOCK of traveling goods.
April 14th, 1860 HEDRICK & RYAN. CIDER! CIDER SWEET!! BBLS. SWEET CIDER just received per Schr. Jonas Smith. For sale by BIZZELL & CO.

April 17. PLANTATION FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale the PLANTA-TION situated at the head of Sapelo Sound, in Geor-gia, containing 4,000 to 4,500 acres of LAND, of which 2,500 are open for cultivation—1,500 acres of it will produce to TO 60 BUSHELS GROUND NUTS to the acre, (being peculiarly adapted to this cultivation,) and 250 acres will produce 35 to 40 bushels Corn to the acre. On the place is a very comfortable framed Dwelling, and Cabins This is one of the most desirable residences on the Seaboard of Georgia, perfectly healthy, good Water, and an abundance of Fish, Oysters and Game. Vessels drawing twenty-five feet water can load at the landing. The steamers running from Savannah to Florida pass by this Planta-

A great bargain and liberal terms will be given.
C. A. L. LAMAR, Savannah.
Refers to Messrs. DeRosset, Brown & Co., Wilmington, N.

· AT RETAIL. WE ARE OFFERING DRESS GOODS to retail custom ers at wholesale prices. HEDRICK & RYAN.

CANES\_CANES. WALKING CANES.

THAT CASE HAS BEEN OPENED; contents now on Carved Ivory heads. New styles. French, English and American Manufacture. Call at 34 Market Street.
April 18. MYERS & MOORE.

FRESH GROUND FAMILY FLOUR. WE CONTINUE to receive weekly, from "Wachovia" Mills, Salem, N. C., Fresh Ground Family FLOUR, of superior quality. Supply received to-day. For sale by L. B. HUGGINS & SONS, April 17. S. E. Cor. Market & 2d sts.

JAMES A WRIGHT. TTORNEY AT LAW, WILMINGTON, N. C. Office at the Court House. 166&30-1m4 Daily Herald copy 1 month and charge Journal.

PERFUMERY. NOW WHITE ORIENTAL CREAM, for beautifying the Complexion; Phalon's Hair Invigorator; Phalon's Golden Crest Perfumery;

Bell Cologn; Bozodont—a delightful article for the Teeth; Pomades, Hair Brushes, Combs, and Tooth Brushes, with variety of articles for the Toilet. HEDRICK & RYAN.

THE CHEAPEST STOCK OF BLACK SILKS, quality warranted. HEDRICK & RYAN.

IT IS NOT TOO MUCH TO SAY

BINCE ALL, OLD & YOUNG, AFFIRM ITS TRUTH.

Viz: That Professor Wood's Hair Restorative
Will preserve infallibly the growth and color of the hair,
if used two or three times a week, to any imaginable age.—
Perfectly, restore the gray, cover the bald with nature's
own ornament, the hair; make it more soft and beautiful
than any oil, and preserve the scalp free from all disease to
the greatest age. Statesmen, Judges, Attorneys, Doctors,
Clergymen, Professional men and Gentlemen and Ladies of
all classes, all over the world, bear testimony that we do
not say too much in its favor. Read the following, and
indee:

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: Some time last summer we were induced to use some of your Hair Restorative, and its effects were so wonderful, we feel it our duty to you and

its effects were so wonderful, we feel it our duty to you and the afflicted, to report it.

Our little son's head for some time had been perfectly covered with sores, and some called it scald head. The hair almost entirely came off in consequence, when a friend, seeing his sufferings, advised us to use your Restorative, we did so with little hope of success, but to our surprise, and that of all our friends, a very few applications removed the disease entirely. and a new and luxuriant crop of hair soon started out, and we can now say that our boy has as healthy a scalp, and as luxuriant a crop of hair as any other child. We can, therefore, and do hereby, recommend your Restorative, as a perfect remedy for all diseases of the scalp and hair. We are yours respectfully,

GEO. W. HIGGINBOTHAM,
SARAH A. HIGGINBOTEAM.

PROF. WOOD—Dear Sir: My hair had, for several years, been becoming prematurely gray, accompanied by a harshness which rendered the constant application of oil necessary in dressing it. When I commenced using your Hair Restorative about two months ago it was in that condition; and having continued its use till within the last three weeks, it has turned to its natural color, and assumed a softness and lustre greatly to be preferred to those produced by the application of oils or any other preparation I have ever used. I regard it as an indespensable article for every lady's toilet, whether to be used as a Hair Restorative or for the simple purpose of dressing or beautifying the hair. You have permission to refer to me all who entertain any doubt of its performing all that is claimed for it. performing all that is claimed for it.
MRS. C. SYMONDS.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 10, 1857. 114 third st. Wellington, Mo., Dec. 5, 1857. These Pills should no be taken by females during the sarry of the sarr

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,

JOB MOSES,

Rochester, N. Y.

N. B.—\$1 00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail.

For sale by all the Druggists in Wilmington; Haviland, Stevenson & Co., Charleston; Santos, Walker & Co., Norfolk, wholesale Agents.

Wilmington, Dec. 17, 1859.

Wilmington are Singer's Machines and Canada, At only one place in Wilmington are Singer's Machines, but are much sold. They cost more than other Machines, but are much the cheapest in the end.

FOR USE, buy "SINGER'S STANDARD MACHINE."

O. S. BALDWIN, Ag't.

N. B.—We have almost daily applications to take "Family Sewing Machines." we must decline all propositions of this dard Machines." We must decline all propositions of this wind. The "Standard Machine" does ALL THE WORK of FAMILY, PLANTER and MANUFACTURER.

May, 21 1859.

Wilmington, Dec. 17, 1859.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, vis: large, medium, and small; the small, the small, return the cheapest in the end.

Stevenson & Co., Charleston; Santos, Walker & Co., Norfolk, wholesale Agents.

Wilmington, Dec. 17, 1859.

Wilmington are Singer's Machines and the much that the small holds is pint. The Bestorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, vis: large, medium, and small; the small holds is pint. The went is proportion than the small, return the cheapest in the end.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of there sizes, vis: large, medium, and mall; the small holds is pint. The went is proportion than the small, return mail.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of the cheapest in the cheapest in the end.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of the cheapest in the cheapest in the cheapest in the end.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of the cheapest in the

Prices Current represent the wholesale price. In filli nous, P gail, (dom BESWAX, 2 B .. 33 @ 34 |

St. Domingo... 12 @
Cotton, \$ b.
ord. to mid'g... 9 @
strict mid'g... 10 @
good' mid'g... 10 @
Totton Bagong,

\$ yard Spirits Turp., Varnish, V gal.26 @ DOMESTICS. Oils, T gallon,
Sperm, .... 2 00 @
Linseed,raw, 1 15 @
do. boiled,1 15 @
PEA NUTS, bush1 25 @

N. C. Bacon,
Hams, ... 13 @
Middlings, ... 12 @
Shoulders, ... 00 @
Hog round, ... 11 @
Western Bacon,
Middlings, ... 11 @
Shoulders, ... 9 @
N. C. Lard, ... 11 @
West'n do... 11 @

Butt, .....16 00 @17 00 Beef, Mess, 13 00 @16 00 do. Fulton Market, .. 19 00 @20 00

Chickens, live,40 @

do. dead, ..45 @ Turkeys, live, .75 @ do. dead, D.121@

HEEP, & head, Lambs,.....1 25 @ Mutton,.....1 25 @

Alum, # bush.,25 @

Liverpool, # sack, ground, cargo0 70@ do. fm store 85@

UGAR, W Ib.

New Orleans, 8 @ Muscovado, . . . 71@ Loaf & crush'd, 101@

30AP, \$ 15 ......41@

Common. . . . 1 75 @ 2 00

R. O. Hhd...12 50 @20 00

C. Yellow....

DOMESTICS,
Sheeting, \$\partial y\d. 8 @ 9
Yarn, \$\partial b\d. ... 194@ 20
EGGS, \$\partial doz... 124@ 15
FEATHERS, \$\partial b\d. 45 @ 55
FISH, \$\partial b\d. ... 7 00 @ 8 50
Mac'rel, No.1 16 00@18 00
do. No. 2 13 00 @14 00
do. No. 3 8 50 @11 00
Herring East 3 00 @ 6 00 OTATORS, Sweet, # bush. 75 @ Herrings, Fast 3 00 @ 5 00 Dry Cod, Dry Cod,

2 cwt. ... 4 00 @ 6 50
FLOUR, N. C. brands 2 bbl.,
Family... 0 00 @ 7 00
Superfine ... 0 00 @ 6 75
Fine ... 0 00 @ 6 50
Cross ... 0 00 @ 6 50
GLUE, 2 b.,... 12 @ 20
GUNNY BAGS,... 10 @ 18
GUANO, PERUVIAN.

GUANO, Peruvian, Under 1 ton, & fb., 1 ton and under 5, Corn..... 7710

Oats.......48 Pease, Cow... 80 Do. B. Eye. .1 00 @ Wheat, red . .1 10 @ do. white..1 25 @ 1 30 Rice, rough.. 00 @ 1 00 HIDES, & Ib., 

Eastern .... 1 10 @ 1 15 N. River ..... 95 @ 1 00 English, ass'd. 41@ American,ref.. 31@ do. sheer.. 0 @ do.hoop,ton 80 00@8 Swede ..... 51@ LIME, 38 bbl. 70 @ do. fm store 1 00 @ 1 10 LUMBER, # M., (River.)
Fl'r Boards.00 00 @12 50
Wide do.... 0 00 @ 9 00

Scantling... 0 00 (Steam Sawed.) Floor Boards, rough.....15 00 @16 00 planed.....18 00 @19 00 clear .....25 00 @30 00 Wide boards.14 00 @15 00

Ash Head'g, .12 00@13 00 TIMBER, W M., Scantling....12 00 @15 00 Ship Stuff, do. inferior to ordinary, .5 00 @ 8 00 rough edge.14 00 @15 00 re-sawed...16 00 @17 00 Molasses, # galon.
Ciba, Hhds 26 @ 28
do. Bbls. 30 @ 32
N. Orleans. 50 @ 55

TALLOW, # Ib.,.
TOBACCO, # Ib., Common, .....14 @ Medium, .....25 @ NOTE.—River Lumber, Tar, and Turpentine, sold in the water, are subject to the expense of landing, inspection, cooperage, &c.; say on lumber 90 cents to \$1 \$\mathbb{B}\$ M.; Tar and Turpentine about 10 \$\mathbb{O}\$ 14 cents \$\mathbb{B}\$ bbl.—and on naval stores, when brought \$\mathbb{B}\$ Railroad, about the same expenses are incurred.—\* For virgin or mixed Turpentine a deduction

FREIGHTS:						
TO NEW YORK, On	deck.		Un	der	de	ck.
Turpentine and Tar, \$\ bbl.,\$	00	\$	00	0		45
Rosin do	00		00	0		35
Spirits Turpentinedo	00		00	@		60
Flour do	00		00	(a)		30
Rice, # 100 lbs. gross	00		0	(0)		12
Cotton, B bale, 0	00	1	00	CO	1	25
Cotton goods, # foot,	00		0	@		7
Flaxseed, & bushel,	00		8	00		10
Ground Peas, & bushel,	00		6	ě		0
Wheat, # bushel,	00		9	0		10
Lumber, # M., 0 00@5	00	5	00	0	6	00
TO PHILADELPHIA,		_	•	_	-	-
Turpentine and Tar, & bbl	00		00	@		40
Rosin	00		00	ď		30
Spirits Turpentine"	00		00	Ø		60
Ground Peas, & bushel,	0		0	ã		6
Cotton, B bale, 0	00	0	00	0	1	50
Cotton goods, # cubic foot,	Ö	•	ő	ĕ	•	7
	ŏ		00	0		10
Rice, # 100 lbs.,		4	00	ä	5	
Lumber, & M., as to size, 0 00@0	•	*	w	•	•	w
TO BOSTON.	00		00	0		40
Turpentine and Tar, & bbl			00	@		35
Rosin	00			@		
Spirits Turpentine	00	•	00	@		60
Cotton, # 15, 0		0	00	@		3
Ground Peas, bushel,	00		5	0		6
Rough Rice, & bushel,	0		00	0		8
Lumber. # M 0 00@6	00	7	00	0	8	00

REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 18TH, 1860. TURPENTINE—In this article we have no change to report as regards prices. The quantity brought in has been light, and there has existed a steady demand from both shippers and distillers, parcels having found ready sale on arrival at \$2 60 for dip, \$2 08 for dry virgin, and \$1,55 for hard, per 280 lbs. For new virgin the market has opened considerably lower than last season, one or two small lots having been received and sold at \$3; it will, however, be some weeks yet before the atrivals will be of any moment, and from all we can learn but little of the old crop remains to be brought in. We quote sales for the week ended this morning of only 1,934 bbls., as follows:

Bbls. Yel. Dip. Virgin. Hard.
Thursday, 60. \$2 60. \$2 08. \$1 55

60. .\$2 60. .\$2 08. .\$1 55 688. .2 60. .2 08. .1 55 880. .2 60. .2 08. .1 55 880..... 2 60...... 85..... 2 60..... 100...... 2 60....... 2 08......

Nednesday 121. 2 60. 2 08. 1 55
SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—On Thursday last the price went up half cent, and sales were made at 41 cents per gallon, at \$1 30 a \$1 40 per bushel. which figure the market has since ruled quiet but firm. The Corn—Dull at 85 a 88 cents receipts for the week have been light, and the stock in first hands is quite small, owing mainly to which fact the trans-actions have been limited. We quote sales as follows:

nands is quite small, owing mainly to which ract the transactions have been limited. We quote sales as follows:

Thursday,... 28 " 41 " " "

Monday,... 290 " 41 " " "

Monday,... 290 " 41 " " "

Tuesday ... 110 " 41 " " "

Rosin—Since our review of Wednesday last the market for the finer grades has been entirely neglected, and not a single transaction has taken place that we can hear of, buyers showing no disposition to purchase unless at very low figures; we are, therefore, unable to give a correct quotation of the market. No. 2 also rules dull, and only occasional sales are made. For Common the market rules quiet but firm at former quotation;—the receipts have been light for some weeks past, and the stock on market has become considerably reduced, and is mostly in the hands of distillers. The sales for the week are as follows: Thursday, 1,600 bbls. No. 2 and low No. 1 at \$1 25; Saturday, 1,000 do. Common and No. 2 at \$1 15; and Monday, 3,000 do. do. do. at \$1 15; and Tuesday 715 do. Common at \$1 15—all per bbl. of 310 lbs.

Tak—Ruled steady at last week's quotation (\$2 up to

and Tuesday 715 do. Common at 4. 10—an policies.

TAR—Ruled steady at last week's quotation (\$2\) up to Friday, when there was more activity in the market, and the price advanced 5 cents. Since then it has ruled firm, and parcels sell readily on arrival at \$2 05. The receipts for the week foot up only 1,316 bbis., of which 172 do. went at \$2, and 1,144 do. at \$2 05 per bbl.

BEEF CATTLE—In the absence of receipts the stock of beeves has become worked off, and butchers have not sufficient on hand for present use. An active demand exists, and a prime article would sell quick at high prices. We quote nominally at 7½ to 9½ cents per lb., according to quality.

meagre for some time past, and in consequence the supply a market has become very light, and is principally connect to small parcels in the bands of retailers; there is, however, only a retail demand existing, and we quote small transactions for the week at 66 75 for superfice, and \$7 per bbl. for family—the market closing quiet but firm at above

transactions for the week at \$6.75 for superfine, and \$7 per bibl. for family—the market closing quiet but firm at above prices.

Gurano—The market is fairly supplied with nearly all descriptions, and we notice a fair enquiry. Several parcels have been received during the week, and sales made from wharf and store, in lots of one ton and upwards, at the following quotations: Perruvian \$60, Reese's Manipulated \$50, American \$40, and Sombrero \$35. We quote Superphose of Lime at \$50, and Land Planter at \$10 per ton.

GRAIN—For Cosw the market has exhibited less firmness during the week just ended, owing mainly to the large arrivals, and prices are 1 a 2 cents lower than quoted in our last. There is a fair stock in store, and at the time of closing our report the demand is limited, dealers not appearing disposed to operate further at present figures. The receipts of the week comprise 18,495 bashels, of which 4,250 cents per bushel, as an sold at 86 cents per bushel. ——OArs.—No arrivals since our last, consequently we have no transactions to report except in the retail way. Last sales were at 46\$ to 55 cents per bushel, as in quality——Pras.—The market is moderately supplied with Coto, still we notice a fair demand. We have no transactions to received on Friday last and sold at 86¢ cents per bushel. as and parcels find ready sale. A lot of 425 bushels was received for the week, part of which has gone into store, and the balance is unsold.

LIME—None received since our last, but we notice a fair demand. We quote sales form store at \$16 to \$10 cents of the week, and we notice sels form store at \$16 to \$10 cents of \$10 cents

to quality.

MOLASSES—In the market for Cuba we have no change of consequence to report. None has arrived since our last, but we notice a fair stock of former receipts remaining in first hands. There has been a steady demand throughout the week, and we quote sales from wharf at 30 a 32 cents in bbls., 28 a 30 cents in tierces, and 26 a 28 cents per gallon in hhds. according to quantity.

PEA NUTS—Continues to be brought into market sparingly, and are in fair request for shipment. We quote small
sales at prices ranging from \$1 40 to \$1 55 per bushel, as in

POTATOES-The stock of Irish on market is rather small at Potators—The stock of Irish on market is rather small at present, still there is but little demand, and the sales are only in the retail way. We quote from store at \$2 25 to \$2 50 for sides, according to quantity and quality.—LARD.—Steamer The receipts of N. C. make have been light for some weeks, M. Clark. The receipts of N. C. make have been light for some weeks, and the stock on market has become quite small, still there is merely a retail demand at present. We quote at 12 to 12½ cents per lb. in bbls. and kegs.——PORK.—In Northern we have no change to report. The market is moderately supplied, and only a small business doing at quotations in table. SALT.—The receipts have been small for some weeks, and the stock of all descriptions has become reduced; it is, however, fully adequate for present wants. About 900 sacks Liveroool ground received coastwise for the week, and sold as follows: 400 sacks at 70 cents. cash. 200 do. at 70 cents. as follows: 400 sacks at 70 cents, cash, 200 do. at 70 cents, 90 days, and 300 do. at 75 cents per sack, cash. No late receipts of Alum; selling in the small way at 25 a 30 cents

Sugar—The cargo of 130 hhds. previously received from Porto Rico, was sold at auction on Tuesday at prices ranging from 75 to 85 cents per lb., as in quality, 4 mos.—averaging about 7 c.

Timer—Has arrived slowly for the past week, notwithstanding which the market has ruled dull and inactive;—the demand has become somewhat checked, as millers have a good supply on hand and do not seem disposed to operate unless at lower prices. We quote sales of only 15 a 10 rafts at \$5, \$6 50 to \$8 50 per M. FREIGHTS—But few vessels have arrived since our last. and only a small number now in port, in consequence of which the market for coastwise rules firm at-former figures.

See table for prices. EXPORTS From the Port of Wilmington, for the Week ending 18th April, 1860. of one-fifth or more is made on the price of yellow dip, ac COASTWISE. pirits Turpentine, bbls.... 1,236..... Rosin.....do...... 9,537..... ...... Pitch.....do.....do.... Tar do 3,120 2,058
Timber, feet.
Lumber, do 408,671 380,437
Shingles 5,000
Pea Nuts, bushels 2,005
Cotton, bales 736 Cotton, bales..... 41..... 

juniper wood; 35 casks and 1 box wine; 6 bbls. tallow; 22,603 bushels rough rice; 43 bbls. liquor; 28 kegs butter; 9 boxes mdze. Foreign—62 empty hhds., 25 bbls. rice; 140 bushels corn; 25 bbls. flour. SALISBURY, April 17.—Bacen 11½ a 12½; Beeswax 20 a 25; Coffee, Rio, 12½ a 16; Java 17 a 22½; Cotton 10 a 11; Cotton Yarn 0 95 a \$1 00; Corn 75 a 80; do. Meal 75 a 80; Feathers per lb. 30 a 35; Flour per bbl. 5 75 a \$6 00; per Sack 2 70 a \$3 00; Lard 12 a 12½; Pork 7½ a 8; Molasses, Cuba, 34 a 45; New Orleans 60 a 65; Muscovado 45 a 50; Oats 40 a 45; Potatoes, Irish, 50 a 80; Sweet 40 a 50; Rags, per lb 2½; Salt per sack 1 65 a \$1 80; Sheeting, brown, 9 a 10; Sugar, brown, 7 a 10; Crushed 12 a 15; Clarified 11 a 12; Tallow, 10 a 12; Wheat, white 00 a \$1 30; red 00a\$1 20; Wool 25 a 30.

CHARLESTON, April 16.—Cotton—The market continues very quiet, the sales having been limited to extremes ranging from 6 to 11 c. Among the sales were 284 bales at 11 c. BALTIMORE, April 16.—Flour is steady; Howard st. \$6. Wheat firm; white \$1 70 a \$1 80, red \$1 48 a \$1 50. Corn is active; white 75 a 77c; yellow 72 a 73c. Provisions are steady; mess pork \$17 50 a \$18, prime \$15, Bacon Sides 10c.

NEW YORK, April 16.—Cotton—Market very flat; sales to-day of 400 bales. Flour is quiet; sales of 10,500 bbls., State at 5 30 a \$5 35, Ohio at 6 a \$6 15, and Southern at 6 20 a \$6 35. Wheat is firm; sales of 25,000 bushels, Kentucky white at \$1 72. Corn is heavy; sales of 26,000 bushels, white at 74 a 79½ cents, mixed 72½ a 74 cents, and yellow 75 cents. Pork is steady at 17 75 a \$14 25 for Mess. Whiskey heavy, sales at 21 cents. Sugar is heavy, Muscovado at 64 a 64 cents. Spirits Turpentine is dull. Rosin is steady, sales of 3500 bbls. at \$1 60, delivered. Rice quiet. CHARLOTTE, April 16.—Cotton—Sales have been light at the following prices, viz: good middlings 91 a 10c. Middling 8 a 94c. Ordinary 7 a 8c. Stained 4 a 64c per lb. Flour—We quote at \$3 124 per sack of 98 lbs.; \$6 25 per

Corn-Dull at 85 a 88 cents per bushel. Bacon-Extremes 101 a 111c per lb.

Lard--Is worth 12tc per lb. Butter-15 cents. Chickens—Are worth 18 a 20 c each. Eggs-10c per dozen. MOBILE, April 16.—Sales to-day of 1,000 bales Cotton at

NEW ORLEANS, April 16th.—The Cotton market was steady, with sales to day of 8,000 bales; Middlings 10½ a 11 cents. Sugar was quiet at 6½ a 8½ cents. Flour was quiet. Corn was buoyant at 70 a 85 cents. Freight on Cotton to Liverpool 15-32d. Exchange unchanged. NEWBERN, April 17 .- For the Week .- Turpentine.

Rewiser, April 11.—For the week. I urpentine.—
Sales during the week of about 3000 bbls. at prices ranging from \$2 95 a \$3 for Dip and \$1 95 a \$2 for Hard.

Rosin.—Some 3000 or 4000 bbls. changed hands at from \$1 05 a \$1 17½ per bbl., for Common, per 310 lbs., as in quality.

Tar.—Several lots arrived during the week and found ready sale at prices somewhat in advance of last week, say \$1 85 a \$1 90.

\$1 85 a \$1 90.

Spirits Turpentine.—Receipts have been light, with sales of a few hundred bbls. only at 41½ cents per gallon.

Flour.—Flour has been quite dull, with good supply in the market, prices, however, remain steady at \$6 75 for Superfine and \$7 25 for Family.

Corn.—Very little doing and in absence of sales we quote it at \$3 80 per bbl.

Lumber.—Two or three rafts have been sold at from \$30 Lumber.-Two or three rafts have been sold at from \$30 o \$49 per M., as in quality.

to \$49 per M., as in quality.

FAYETTEVILLE, April 16th.—Bacon 12 @ 14; Cotton—rair to Good, 104 @ 104; Ordin. to Mid. 8 @ 84; Flour—family, 6 40 @ \$6 50; Super. 6 20 @ \$6 25; Fine, 5 90 @ \$6 00; Scratched, 5 65 @ \$5 75; Grain—Corn, \$1 10 @ 1 15; Wheat, \$1 00 @ 1 15; Oata, 75 @ 90; Peas, \$1 00 @ 1 10; Rye, \$1 15 @ 1 25; Lard—124 @ 14 cents; Molasses—Cuba 30 @ 32 cents; New Orleans, 50 @ 00 cents; Salt—Liverpool Back, \$1 25 @ 1 30; Turpentine—Yellow dip, \$2 05 @ 00 00; Virgin, \$1 63 @ 0 00; Hard, \$1 15 @ 0 00; Spirits, 374 s 38 cents.

Cotton—No change; very few sales during the week.

Flour—Sells readily at quotations.

Grain—Large quantities of Eastern Corn arriving. Sales at 2 25 to 2 40 per bag, as to quality. Country corn scarce and in demand. A small lot of Wheat was sold on Thursday at \$1.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS. E. R. DURKEE & CO.'S SELECT SPICES

tine- New Virgin arrives slowly. Sales during the

# Marine Intelligence.

NAME OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

ARRIVED.

April 11—Steamer Kate McLaurin, Evans, from Fayetteville, to John M. Clark.

12—Schr. St. Helena, Cathcart, from Savannah, to Adams,
Bro. & Co.; with 400 sacks salt.

Steamer Flora M cDonald, Driver, from Fayetteville, to T.
C. & B. G. Worth.

14—Schr. Laura, Harker, from Shallotte, to Anderson & Savage; with naval stores.
Schr. Topaz, O'Neal, from Hyde county, to DeRosset, Brown & Co.; with 1,714 bushels corn.
Schr. Radiant, Whitehurst, from Perquimans county, to D. Pigott; with 1,600 bushels corn.
Schr. Laura, Whitehurst, from Perquimans county, to D. Pigott; 1,750 bushels corn.
Schr. Edward Stanly, Pugh, from Hyde county, to Ellis & Mitchell; with 1,250 bushel corn.
Schr. Ella, Davis, from Hyde county, to DeRosset, Brown & Co.; with 1,207 bushels corn.
Schr. R. K. Hawley, Pritchett, from Elizabeth City, N. C., to DeRosset, Brown & Co.; with 3,185 bushels corn.
Schr. Elijah Sheddon, White, from Washington, N. C., to J. R. Blossom.

Schr. Ellen Randel, Davis, from Little River, to D. A. La. mont; with naval stores. Steamer Chatham, McRae, from Fayetteville, to C. H. Robinson & Co. 15—Schr. David Faust, Moslander, from Philadelphia, to T. C. & B. G. Worth; with mdze. Schr. D. C. Hulse, Conklin, 18 hours from Charleston, to A. D. Cazaux; with 300 sacks salt. Schr. John, Stetson, from New York, to E. Murray & Co; with mdze.

16—Brig Speedaway, Thompson, from Portland, Me., to
E. A. Keith; with 275 bales hay. Schr. Jonas Smith, Dayton, from New York, to A. D. Cazaux; with mdze.
Schr. W. H. Smith, Scott, from New York, to A. D. Ca-

zaux; with mdze. Schr. Chas. Colgate, Cooper, from New York, to J. H. Barque Lucy Ann, Carrigan, from New York, to R. H. Cowan; with guano to W. H. McRary & Co. Schr. Angeline, Walker, from Charleston, to Harriss & Howell; with 200 sacks salt. consequence to report. The arrivals for the past two or three weeks have been moderate, and there is now a fair stock in store, while we notice a limited enquiry. We quote at 9½ to 9½ cents for shoulders, and 11½ to 11½ cents per lb. for sides, according to quantity and quality.——Larb.—

The resists of N. C. make here here there are needs.

Howelf; with 200 sacks salt.

Schr. Thos. J. Frazier, Mitchell, from Baltimore, to T. C. & B. G. Worth; with mdze.

Schr. L. N. Godfrey, Ellis, from Falmouth, Mass., to Master; with ice to E. B. Dudley.

Steamer Kate McLaurin, Evans, from Fayetteville, to J.

M. Clark. Steamer North Carolina, Barber, from Fayetteville, to E. Murray & Co. 17.—Schr. John Aumack, Pierce, from New York, to T. C. & B. G. Worth.

Tern Schr. G. R. Dixon, Gilbert, from New York, to Har-Br. Brig Spartan, Dew, from Bristol, Eng., to J. & Br. Brig Spartan, Dew, from Bristol, Eng., to J. & Br. Brig Spartan, Dew, from Bristol, Eng., to J. & D. McRae & Co.; with iron for W., C. & R. R. R.

Br. Brig Spartan, Dew, from Bristol, Eng., to J. & D. McRae & Co.; with iron for W., C. & R. R. R. Steamer Flora McDonald, Driver, from Fayetteville, to T. C. & B. G. Worth.

Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Elder, from Fayetteville, to E. Murray & Co. April 11—Schr. O. M. Petit, Clark, for Boston, by E. A. Keith; with 230 bbls. spirits turpentine, 451 do. rosin, 350 bales cotton.

12—Schr. John Perkins, Coombs, for Boston, by DeRos set, Brown & Co.; with 4,700 bushels rough rice, 10,750 feet Schr. Chief, Eldridge, for Baltimore, by T. C. & B. G. Worth; with 2 boxes tobacco, 100 bbls. copper ore, 48 Brig Elmira, Young, for Bath, Me., by Hathaway & Co., with 89,725 feet lumber. 12-Steamer Kate McLaurin, Evans, for Fayetteville, by Jno. M. Clark.

13—Schr. Richard Vaux, Frink, for New York, by J. H. Flanner; with 225 bbls. spirits turpentine, 1.852 do. rosin. Schr. Francis Satterly, Cooper, for New York, by A. D. Cazaux; with 12,853 bushels rough rice, 1,187 do. pea nuts, 253 bbls. rosin, 190 do. tar, 5 do. old iron.

Brig S. P. Brown, Townsend, for Havana, by Hathaway

& Co.; with 100,000 feet lumber. Steamer Flora McDonald, Driver, for Fayetteville, by T. C. & B. G. Worth.
Steamer North Carolina, Barber, for Fayetteville, by E. Murray & Co.

14—Schr. Northern Light, Corson, for Boston, by T. C. & B. G. Worth; with 100 bbls. rosin, 38 bales cotton, 107,196 ft. lumber.
Schr. J. A. Bayard, Higbee, for New York, by Harriss & Howell; with liquors, madder, soap, &c., saved from Brig Schr. Chas. Smith, Swain, for New York, by Harriss & Howell; with 647 bbls. spirits turpentine, 1,518 do. crude do., 1,100 do. rosin, 170 bales cotton, 23 do. sheeting, 1 hhd.

Danish Brig Insulaneren, Jorginsen, for Liverpool, by Harris & Howell; with 2,058 bbls. tar. Brig Altavela, Reid, for Cardenas, by Kidder & Martin; with 143,000 ft. lumber.

Brig John Hathaway, Smith, for Havana, by Hathaway & Co.; with 62 empty hhds., 100,000 ft. lumber.

Brig Angola, Hall, for Bath, Me., by J. H. Chadbourn & Co.; with 100 600 ft. lumber. Co.; with 100,600 ft. lumber. Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Elder, for Fayetteville, by E Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Elder, for Fayetteville, by E. Murray & Co.

15—Schr. Hattie Ross, Poland, for Boston. by W. B. Flanner & Co.; with 813 bbls. rosin, 263 do. pitch, 115 do. tar, 2 do. turpentine, 2 do. rosin oil, 114 bales cotton, 818 bush. pea nuts, 1 bbl. and 1 box wax, 1 box wine.

Schr. A. J. DeRosset, Tucker, for New York, by A. D. Cazaux; with 1,865 bbls. tar, 240 bush. peas.

Schr. Julia Grace, Taylor, for New Orleans; by J. H. Flanner; with 300 bbls. tar, 100 do. pitch, 43 do. liquor, 62 bush. beans, 630 do. peas.

with 150 bbls. tar, 25 do. pitch, 95,000 feet lumber.
Schr. W. A. Ellis, Nichols, for New York, by A. D. Cazaux; with 60 bbls. spirits turpentine, 441 do. crude do., 1,-Br. Brig Devonshire, Masters, for Bermuda, by DeBosset, Brown & Co.; with 4 bbls. spirits turpentine, 5 do. pitch, 25 do. flour, 25 do. rice, 140 bush. corn, 5,000 shingles, 37,-437 foot lumber. 17—Schr. Target, Howe, for New York, by A. D. Cazaux; with 74 bbls. spirits turpentine, 2.970 do. rosin, 39 bdls. paper, 6 bales kerseys, 28 kegs butter, 19 boxes to-bacco, 5 boxes mdze. Steamer North Carolina, Barber, for Fayetteville, by E.

bush. beans, 630 do. peas. Schr. Pearl, Brown, for Bath, Me., by T. C. & B. G. Worth;

Steamer Kate McLaurin, Evans, for Fayetteville, by J. M. Clark.

18—Br. Schr. Swift, Ferguson, for Rotterdam, by Adams, Bro. & Co.; with 1,741 bbls. rosin.

Schr. Chas. Dennis, Horton, for New York, by T. C. & B. G. Worth; with 393 bbls. spirits turpentine, 1,643 do. rosin, 99 do. soap stone, 42 bales cotton, 25 do. sheeting, 4 do. kerseys, 788 bush. pea nuts, 61 bdls. paper, 2 bbls. wax, 8 boxes mdze. Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Elder, for Fayetteville, by E.



always presents us with the same essential elements, and gives of course the True Standard. Analyze the Blood of a person suffering from Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c., and we find in every instance certain deficiencies in the red globules of Blood. Supply these deficiencies, and you are made well. The Brood Food is founded upon this Theory—hence its astonishing success.—There are

FIVE PREPARATIONS

adapted to the deficiencies of the Blood in different diseases. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, or any affection whatever of the Throat of Lungs inducing Consumption, use No. 1, which is also the No. for Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, and from all Chronic Complaints arising from Overuse, General Debility, and Nervous Prostration. No. 2 for Liver Complaints. No. 3, for Dyspepsia. Being already prepared for absorption. It is Taken by Drops and carried immediately into the circulation, so that what you gain you retain. The No. 4 is for Female Irregularities. Hysteria, Weakness, &c. See special directions for this. For Sall Rheum, Eruptions, Scrofulous, Kidney, and Bladder Complaints, take No. 5. In all cases the directions must be strictly followed. Price of the Blood Food \$1 per bottle.

Sold by CHURCH & DUPONT,
No. 409 Broadway, New York,

No. 409 Broadway, New York,
And by all respectable Druggists throughout the country.
Sold in Wilmington, N. C., only by WALKER MEARES,
March 5th, 1860—153&27-eowly
Druggist ROYAL HAVANA LUTTERY

THE NEXT ORDINARY DRAWING OF THE BOYAL Havans Lottery, conducted by the Spanish Government, under the supervision of the Captain General of Cuba, will take place at HAVANA, on WEDNESDAY, May 2d, 1860.

SORTEO NUMERO 635 ORDINARIO. CAPITAL PRIZE\_\$100,0001 

The postage on this paper within the State, is 34 cts. per quarte , out of the State 64 cts. per quarter.

The Carriers are prohibited from selling any copies of the Journal. Great Excitement! Tremendons Meeting!! Nobody

Hurt!!! About two o'clock this morning, two persons might have been seen wending their way towards the depot of in productiveness, and that a large proportion of its prothe Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Company. One of duce has sought this market. these persons had a black travelling bag in his hand,the other had a small valise. The first named individual was one of the editors of the Wilmington Herald .-The second was the venerable person who presides over the columns of the Journal.

to have come off to-day at Wilson.

But that discussion did not come cff, and the anxious citizens already referred to, came to town in the return train, the fact being that, owing to some prior engagement, or official duty intervening, Gov. Ellis could not be at Wilson to-day, and so Mr. Pool and he mutually postponed their meeting at that place. Such was the account given by Mr. Galloway, the Conductor of the train from the North, and so it happens that we are here instead of being at Wilson to-day. The last we saw of the Herald-man he was bound homewards, making certain remarks to himself, which, so far as we could judge, were rather uncomplimentary to the candidates

However all this may be, we know that, after having lost a night's sleep, we did not hear Messrs. Ellis and Pool speak to-day, and we are, therefore, more than half way out of humor, as almost any person would be under the same circumstances. When a new list of appointments is made and announced, we will endeavor to be present at an early meeting between the candidates, and give our readers the advantage of our attendance.

The Charleston Convention. As the time for the meeting of the above body draws near, certain things begin to become apparent. Opinions and movements assume more definite shape, and we are thus enabled to see at least what will be some of the first movements after the Convention shall have been organized. As usual, there will be some fuss with the New York delegations, there being two setts, who will each claim seats as the original simon pure representatives of the Democracy of the Empire State. At the head of one of these sets of delegates is Fernando Wood -at the head of the other is a Mr. Ludlow, allied to the Dean Richmond and Cassidey influence at Albany .-Mr. Wood is decidedly the strongest man in the city of New York, but apparently has very little influence in the interior. This whole matter will be submitted to the committee on credentials. Who the New York delegations, or either of them, would go for, if admitted,

a question.

It would appear that the Southern strength is pretty It would appear that the Southern strength is pretty generally concentrating upon Mr. Hunter, of Virginia entertainment afforded the citizens of our community, by --not exclusively, but more largely than upon any other person, so far. What course the States of the extreme the States of the extreme the Faculty and young ladies of "The Clinton Female Institute" on Thursday evening last.

It appears that the teachers and young ladies of the Sem-Northwest may adopt, remains to be seen. The North-Northwest may adopt, remains to be seen. The North-ern and middle States will most probably be willing to day night, for the purpose of promoting the moral and in-tellectual culture of its members; and if the display made support any good man that the South may present. It is probable that Mr. Guthrie would run as well, or betit seemed as it all nature smiled on the undertaking. The ter, in Pennsylvania and New Jersey, than any other candidate from the North or the South.

Thus, then, we presume that the largest vote will be cast at the beginning for Mr. Hunter and Mr. Douglas. What changes may be effected in the course of balloting, would be difficult to count on at this time, although the influences in favor of Mr. Hunter, being very quietly exerted, will be much more apt to increase than to fall off. There is a good deal of latent strength that has not y t been brought out.

The delegates from the Pacific slope have mostly all come. Some few delegates from the States to the North and East of us have already passed through on their way to Charleston; but for the present week Washington city will be the great point for manœuvring and cau-

We do not think there will be any such enormous and overwhelming crowd at Charleston next week as some people had been lead to anticipate. It is probable that the reports of awful and extortionate charges to be made scared off many who would otherwise have made would divest yourself of Bachelordom, and seek among the

The Convention will be pretty certain to get through ously than the opponents of Democracy would like.

After glancing over the columns of type published by the Murfreesboro' Southron, and the Elizabeth City State, and which purport to be reports of the opening discussion between Messrs. Ellis and Pool, we have been reminded of the proportions of the bread and sack in old Falstaff's bill. To Gov. Ellis is devoted about two-thirds of a column, and to Mr. Pool about two columns and two-thirds. As the accounts in these papers are too evidently one-sided to deceive anybody, we pass them over without further notice, and will leave the question of the discussions between the candidates until we can hear for ourselves. The Murfreesboro' Citizen gives a very different account from that furnished by either the Southron or the State, and evidently a more fair and ac-

by charging intentional misrepresentation upon our Know Nothing cotemporaries of the first district; but it is too evident that they have allowed their passions and prejudices to warp their judgments, and produce all and prejudices to warp their judgments, and produce all the facts and effects of misrepresentation, precisely as Captain Woodbury, who will testify as I do, to his experimental melvin, Esq. On motion of D. 1. West, Valent in Powning, Esq., was called to the Chair, and Arthur Melvin and C. Hall, Esqs., requested to act as Secretamuch as if the intention to do so had been present.

Our own private advices from the first district confirm us in these views. As we stated yesterday they represent the canvass as progressing most favourably for the Democrats-so much so indeed that Mr. Pool's friends are seriously discouraged.

from things like this, but so far as the indications have good architect, thorough in his knowledge of prices, labor

gone, they are decidedly in our favour.

The Beauties of the Opposition. Our cotemporary of the Fayetteville Observer has conful. stituted itself scolder-general of the Opposition party, and its most common argument in reply to a statement of an adversary is to assert that such statement is manifestly false. It makes this assertion in reference to a statement in a recent issue of the Journal, such statement being based upon information contained in a pri-

Now, we have this to say—the writer of that letter is a man of truth-a man who weighs his words, and who stands up to them. It is a pity that others did not tion. speak and write with the same sense of responsibility.-Our information is true, as the discourteous insinuations of the Observer seldom or never are. However, as we

We have on our table the North Carolina University Magazine for April, 1860, a little behind time, but still welcome. The illustration is a portrait of " Hon. John Hall, late one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of North Carolina."

ture with Mr. Pool, informs the Fauetteville Observer that he will beat Ellis 10,000 votes. Some sixty thou-

OUR RAILROADS.—We learn that the receipts from freight on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad for the month of March, 1860, amounted to \$23,169 19, which is an excess over the corresponding month of 1859 of \$5,937 90, and \$5,013 49 over the receipts for any previous month since the Road has been in operation.-This is cheering to the stockholders of the road, as it exhibits the growth of a local business, independent of through travel, while, at the same time, it proves that the country through which the road runs has increased

We learn that the freighting business of the Wilmington & Manchester Railroad has also increased in even a more remarkable degree than that of the W. & W. R. R., and that the time cannot be far distant when the Company will feel justified in declaring liberal dividends The object of these anxious citizens was to hear the These facts, in the face of the too general depreciation discussion between Gov. Ellis and Mr. Pool, which was of railroad property throughout the country, speak volames in favor of the management of the long lines of railroad concentrating in Wilmington, which may be the choice of weapons. regarded as the safest, and, generally speaking, the best

> managed roads in the whole South. The Indiana Constitutional Union Convention go for Judge McLean, of Ohio, as a candidate for the Presidency. The Judge is, like Mr. Bates, of Missouri, a Free Soiler, not so bitter as Mr. Seward, but bitter enough in all conscience.

Mr. S. J. Piggott, whose arrest was noticed a few weeks since on the charge of forgery, says the High Point Reporter, had a trial at the last term of the Superior Court for Davidson county, and was acquitted.

The forty-fourth annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal, Church in the diocese of North Carolina, will be held in St. Peters' Church, at Charlotte, on the 9th of May next.

Pursuant to previous notice, a Democratic meeting con vened at Whiteville Court House, on Monday night, April 9th, and on motion, N. L. Williamson, Esq., was called to the chair, and Mr. J. H. Stanly requested to act as secretary. The object of the meeting having been duly explained, on motion of J. W. Ellis, Esq., the chairman was authorized to appoint three Delegates from each Captain's District to attend the Senatorial District Convention, to be held on Monday of next May Court. Whereupon, the following genemen were nominated—viz:

Tatum's District—Daniel N. Brown, Marmaduke Powell

Fair Bluff-D. F. Williamson, J. G. Powell, N. L. Wil Williams'-J. H. Starly, Edw. Hickman, Jno. Mears. Bug Hill—Wm. J. Stanly, J. H. Gore, W. K. Gore. Cypress Creek—J. G. P. Forneyduval, M. G. Sasser, A. B

Pate's-J. C. Pierce, W. W. Wayne, J. W. Rouse. Whiteville-Richard Wooten, Forney George, A. J. But On motion, it was resolved that the proceedings of this

meeting be published in the Wilmington Journal.

No further business appearing, the meeting adjourned.

N. L. WILLIAMSON, Ch'n. J. H. STANLY, Sec'y.

CLINTON, N.;C., April 7th 1860. Messrs. Editors: I feel the weight of obligation resting on me, as well as upon every other good citizen, to give publicity to genuine merit, and although I am not in the

inary have formed a society, which convenes on every Friweather fine; the night beautiful; the gentle rays of the moon beaming through the magnificent grove in which the institute is situated. All seemed to bespeak success. The spacious school room was beautifully decorated, not only with flowers and evergreens, but with the sweet smile of woman. The scenery on the stage was handsomely arranged; the painting of the mountains on the rear finely executed; the woods of cedar on each side, behind which, emanated melodious voices, rendered an enchantment to the

whole evening.

Mr. Graves, the principal of the school, in his accustemed happy style, announced the order of the evening; and Miss Caroline Ashford welcomed the audience with an address, not only appropriate to the occasion, but in delivery far exceeding the expectation of her many sanguine friends. Then followed the French speech, by Miss Hargrove. which, in pronunciation and accent, (so difficult for our nation to acquire,) convinced all present of the capacity of her instructors, to teach this now to be popular language.

Miss Sue Cox then enchanted the audience with "The

tion, all seemed to regret that she had concluded.

Many other recitals from eminent authors were made by the young ladies, all of whom acquitted themselves with great credit; and a newspaper read by Miss Norton, to which all the members of the "Calliope" contribute, add ed much to the pleasure of the evening; and, Messrs. Edi

ong, yet from her graceful manner and beautiful enuncia

happy.

The appearance of the Fairy Queen, Miss Sophia Gibbs. in the one week, and much more quietly and harmoni-ously than the opponents of Democracy would like.

was hailed with enthusiasm and delight, not only by those who selected her, but by the whole assembly; and we doubt whether Queen Victoria, in all her majesty and power, could have made a more magnificent and suitable appearance. The whole "Cantata" was so well performed, that even the most fastidious could find no fault; and the thirty or forty zephyrs sporting around the Fairy Queen, seemed to transport man from this land of woe, and now,

"We drink of dew from flow'ry bell

To all the friends we see; And may they know through all their days, Such happiness as we:
And now, to home we turn our thoughts,—
Our happy homes afar,—
Where happy fays and fairies dwell,
Beyond you brightest star; But we 'll ne'er forget this pleasant time, When gaily flew the hours

Of morning, noon, and bright moonlight, At Flora's feast of flowers."

U. S. Eng. Office, Savannah, April 8, 1860. MR. JAS. FULTON, EDITOR WILMINGTON JOURNAL, Sir : I have just heard with great sorrow, of the death of Mr. Benjamin Gardner of your city. For the last four years a \$14 per ton. We do not wish to violate any principle of courtesy Mr. Gardner has been associated with me under the U.S. Eng. Department and the Lighthouse Establishment, and up to the time of his death had so continued, displaying always ability of no common order. He first entered the public service in the construction of Fort Pulaski under Capt. Alexence, skill and diligence. Both the cities of Savannah and ries. of Wilmington can show evidence of the excellence of his workmanship. Through the long line of the sixth Lighthouse District, stand many stately towers of able design and construction, for which the credit is mostly due to Mr. Gard-

At the time of his death he was Engineer Foreman at Of course it is too early in the day to form conclusions Fort Clinch, near Fernandina. An accomplished artist. a and material, and skillful in construction, I can only say of him in addition, that in all the relations of life in which I have met him, I have found him upright, honest and faith-

Very respectfully,

W. H. WHITING. Corps of Engs.

Missouri Democratic Convention St. Louis, April 12.—The democratic State conven tion, after several ineffectual ballots for governor, unanimously nominated Clayborn Jackson for that office, and Thomas C. Reynolds for lieutenant governor. B. F. Massey the present secretary of State, and A. W. Morrison, the present treasurer, were nominated for re-elec-

Resolutions were unanimously adopted endorsing the main features of Mr. Buchanan's administration; affirming the doctrine that neither Congress nor the Territorial Legislatures have power to abolish slavery or prohibexpect to hear the candidates shortly ourselves, we forbear further remarks for the present.

rial Legislatures have power to adolish sharely ourselves, we forbear further remarks for the present. tion;" favoring the fugitive slave law; charging the inwe have on our table the North Carolina Uniersity Magazine for April, 1860, a little behind time,
at still welcome. The illustration is a portrait of
Hon. John Hall, late one of the Judges of the Subreme Court of North Carolina."

A gentleman" who has served in the Legislathere with Mr. Pool. informs the Fauetteville Observer

vasion of Virginia as the legitimate result of the teachings of the republican party; repudiating the stereotyped charge of disunion sentiments so often repeated, for
party effect, against the democratic party; denouncing
the doctrine of an "irrepressible conflict" between free
and slave labor; advocating the peaceful acquisition of
territory, especially of Cuba, and favoring a judicious
system of internal improvements in Missouri. vasion of Virginia as the legitimate result of the teach-

that he will beat Ellis 10,000 votes. Some sixty thousand voters who have not "served in the Legislature," will be apt to veto this.

Money Recovered.—Augusta, April 13.—It is reported that the money of the Marine Bank, stolen at Columbus, has been recovered.

ELECTION AT HARTFORD, Conn.—Hartford, April 12.—The Clay statue was instanced in Richmond. Pril 12.—The Clay statue was instanced in Richmond. The whole democratic condidate for mayor, was elected by 449 majority. The whole democratic crowd of strangers was immense. Mr. Barbour's or council are equally divided between the democratic and republican parties.

# BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 12th, 1860. SENATE.—The Homestead Bill has been recomme with instruction to report a new bill.

House.-The Kanzas bill has been passed by a ma jority of 61.

A duel is anticipated between Pryor and Potter.

DUEL &C. WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., April 13th, 1860. Messrs. Pryor and Potter has left this City. It is liable has yet been ascertained. Congress news unimportant.

THE DUEL SETTLED. WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., April 14th, 1860. The Pryor and Potter affair has terminated without hostile meeting, in consequence of a difficulty about

There was nothing done yesterday in either House except in private bills. FROM HAVANA AND MEXICO.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 13th, 1860. The Steamship Isabel, sixty hours from Havan, has arrived.

against the Americans, and a strong desire by the majority. Church party for war, in consequence of the seizure of Marin's steamers.

Further Foreign News.

The Steamer Anglo Saxon, with dates to the 28th ult., has arrived at Portland. Her news is principally superseded by the Prince Albert at St. John's. give a few additional items.

It was expected that England and Prussia would act concert in maintaining the rights of Switzerland. Work had been recommenced on the steamer Great

Lord Layfold was dead. The first of the returning battalions of the French rmy from Italy had entered Savoy.

France assumes a debt of Piedmont to the amount of 75,000,000 francs with the annexation of Savoy. The preliminaries of a treaty between Spain and Morocco were signed on the 25th, and an armistice had been previously concluded. A battle had been fought

The results of the elections in Italy for members of Parliament were very favorable to the liberal cause. It was reported that at Rome, on the 20th, the gen d'armes charged on the people, over thirty of whom were

wounded. The Paris Patrie asserts that the King of Naples notwithstanding the Pope's invitation, refuses to occupy the Papal dominions with Neapolitan troops. It was believed that the Queen of Spain is anxious to send Spanish troops to the Papal States. It was supposed democrat, was elected mayor by 400 majority. A majorthat the whole of the Pope's troops would be employed ity of the democratic ticket was also elected. to garrison Rome. The Neapolitan army will occupy he Marches to prevent a conflict with the Piedmontese.

he King of Sardinia in l'uscany, and commander of the naval and military forces. The Minister of the Interior of Austria had rebuked the Austrian functionaries in Hungary for not watching

the movements of the populace, and reporting the per sone who were hostile to the government. The total cost for the suppression of the recent muti nies of the natives in India was estimated at £40,000,-

000 sterling. The U. S. steamer Hartford was at Hong Kong.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.—New York, April 10.— The steamship North Star, from Aspinwall, bringing California dates to the 20th March, arrived to-day. She spoke on the 2d inst. the ships-of-war Roanoke, Sabine

and Relief. A memorial requesting the administration to dissolve both houses of the California Legislature.

The San Francisco money market was excessively stringent, and, owing to the Washoe excitement, in a very disturbed state. Sugar was excited, and prices have considerably advanced. Coal has materially de-

A letter from Humboldt Bay says, that the whole number of Indians killed on Eel River and on Indian

All this, and much Last Vendue," and should any discrimination in the mead of praise be made, she is entitled. Though the recitation was rested.

Three Days Later from California Springfied, Mo., April 11.—The California over-

ved here this afternoon. 6th of February, says the Powhatan, according to the news first received from Jeddo, will probably sail, was given. with the Japanese embassy, direct to Accapulco, (there

to coal,) and then proceed to Panama.

The Japanese admiral and other officers of Candin-marruh, have had a public reception by the corporation authorities, and had been treated to banquets, honored authorities, and had been treated to banquets, honored Clay, and substituted for them the teachings of Brown-Clay, and substituted for them the teaching for the substituted for them the substituted for them the substituted for them the substituted for the substituted ked attentions from alll classes of citizens. A movement was on foot to organize a "Union par-

ty" in California. The claim to the Suscoe ranch, comprising six hundred thousand acres of land, on which are the towns of Benecia and Vallago, has been confirmed by the United States Circuit Court.

The usual accounts have been received from the Washoe silver mines during the week. 'The news is as favorable as ever.

The Senate has passed a bill appropriating \$70,000 for the commencement of the State Capitol at Sacremento. Also, a bill appropriating \$240,000 to build a a day, and had been proposed for office, it would have ine of wagon roads across the Sierra Nevada mountains.

There is no material change in the San Francisco and would then have mobbed him if he had staked his line of wagon roads across the Sierra Nevada mountains.

racy of Cedar Creek District met at the House of Arthur Melvin, Esq. On motion of D. P. West, Valen-

The chair explained the object of the meeting and appointed the following gentlemen to draft resolutions for the action of the meeting, viz: Duncan P. West, Arthur W. Melvin and Isaac C. Melvin. The committee retired. Robert D. Melvin, Esq., being called upon responded in a well timed and patriotic speech, showing up the inconsistency and short comings of the Opposition to (Democracy); urging the friends of the Union and Constitution to rally to the support of their country under the broad banner of (Democracy) the Union and the Constitution.

The committee returned and reported the following which was unanimously adopted.

WHEREAS, It has been proposed that a joint convention of the Democracy of the counties of Cumberland and Harnett be held at Fayetteville on Tuesday of May Superior

Court week.

Resolved, That we reaffirm the time honored principles Resolved, That we reaffirm the time honored principles of the Great National Democratic party. Believing from the signs of the times that union, harmony and concert of action is indispensable to our peace; regarding the union of our States as the skeet anchor of our peace, safety and liberty at home, and of our strength and respectability abroad. Resolved, That the Chair appoint ten delegates to represent Cedar Creek in said convention.

The Chair appointed as delegates Isaac C. Melvin, A. W. Melvin, M. H. Seawell, G. S. Rollins, D. P. West, J. M. J. Legans Legals and C. Melvin, J. M. H. Seawell, G. S. Rollins, D. P.

West, J. McD. Jessup, Jos. B. Braddy, John G. Edwards, G. F. Thaggard and A. J. Hall. The Chair and Secretaries were added to the list.

The Chair and Secretaries were added to the list.

Resolved, That we recommend to the consideration of the convention the claims of the following gentleman as part of the ticket: for Serator, Daniel McDeirmid, Esq.—For the Commons, C. G. Wright and David Murphy, Faqra.

Resolved, That we recommend to the convention the name of Col. William Alderman as our choice for the office of Sheriff of Cumberland county.

On motion, the North Carolinian and Wilmington

Journal were requested to copy the proceedings.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

VALENTINE DOWNING, Chairman. ARTHUR MELVIN, | Secretaries. C. HALL,

D CLAY STATUE

WASHINGTON, April 13th .- A very vol port of correspondence between our government and that of German States, concerning the rights of our naturalized citizens to visit the places of their nativity, was made to the Senate to-day. Gen. Cass lays down the general doctrine that a naturalized citizen visiting many must be allowed to remain without hindrand and to depart in peace. That the summary ordering away of such a citizen of the "United States," without good cause, would be regarded as an unfriendly act to-

wards this government.

It is evident to observing men here that the republicans rather court some deed of violence on the floor of enerally believed that a hostile meeting took place this the House, not only from such grossly insulting speeches norning in Maryland, near Alexandria, but nothing re-of the New York Tribune, which says that the point of determined resistance to challenging and attacking nor-thern men has been reached, and that, when an occasion shall call, it will be offered in a most effective manner

> ARKANSAS DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION .- Memphis Tenn., April 11 .- The Arkansas Democratic State ntion, held at Little Rock on the 2d inst., nominated Richard H. Johnson, editor of the True Democrat, (a violent opponent of Douglas,) as a candidate for Governor. Messrs. W. W. Floyd, F. F. Corrells, G. W. Taylor and W. W. Leask, were chosen Presidential Electors. Eight delegates to the Charleston Conven-

The committee on resolutions made a report favoring the doctrine of " squatter sovereignty," which was unanimously voted down. Resolutions advocating Congress sional protection to slavery in the Territories, and repu-She reports great excitement in the City of Mexico diating the "heresies of Douglas," were passed by a large

> SHIP ON FIRE .- New York, April 11th .- The fine ship Jacob A. Westervelt, just cleared for Liverpool, is on fire off the Battery.

> NEW YORK, April 11, P. M .- The ship Westervelt caught fire at 3 o'clock, and at 9 o'clock this evening the fire was still burning fiercely. She will probably prove a total loss. The underwriter's agent is on board with a gang of men trying to save her cargo. All her passengers landed safely.

> HEAVY BANK ROBBERY .- Columbus, Ga., April 10. -The Marine Bank Agency in this city was entered by false keys last night and \$40,000 stolen. About half of this amount was in Marine Bank notes; the remainder in Georgia and Carolina notes. A reward of \$1000 has been offered.

UNITED STATES SLOOP OF WAR GERMANTOWN. Norfolk, April 12.—The U. S. Sloop of War Germantown, Commander Page, of the India squadron, arrived here last evening thirty-five days from St. Helena, and on the 23d on the road to Tangiers. The Spaniards Hong Kong on the 17th of December. Officers and were completely victorious.

EXCITEMENT IN THE CHEROKEE NATION .- Leaven worth, K. T., April 11.—A dispatch from Fort Smith says, the excitement in the Cherokee Nation on the slavery question, is increasing, and it is feared that a serious trouble is brewing.

ELECTION AT TRENTON, N. J .- Trenton, April 10 .-At the municipal election held here yesterday, Mr. Mills,

ELECTION AT ALBANY, N. Y .- Albany, April 10. Prince Carrigan had been appointed a Lieutenant of The democrats have carried Albany by 800 to 1,000 majority. George H. Thacher, their candidate, has been elected mayor, and they have a large majority in the board of aldermen.

The Oath Bound Candidate.

John Pool, Esq., the Opposition candidate for Govrnor, is now a first, second, and third degree Know Nothing, and will if elected Governor, be solemnly bound to observe and carry out his oaths! Startling as this may appear, it is nevertheless true. He is sworn to proscribe all persons who are not natives and all per sons who profess the Catholic religion. He is sworn to bestow all the offices which he may have to fill on Know Nothings like himself; and he is sworn to support only Know Nothings for office. He is committed by as solemn obligations as ever rested upon man, to foment the injunction suit against the Almeda mines has passed strife between races and between sects in religion; and these obligations, in the oath which he took, "shall ever be kept sacred and inviolate." If there be a power to absolve him from these obligations, we have no evidence that Mr. Pool has ever been absolved. On the contrary, the inference is that his obligations are still upon him, and that he is bound, whether he wishes to do so or not

All this, and much more, fellow-citizens, was done secret. With doors closed, at midnight, away from the thoroughfares of men, while honest people slept Mr. Pool took these oaths. With his hand resting on the flag staff of his country, or on the Holy Word of God, he pronounced these obligations, not against the enemies of land mail with San Francisco dates to March 23d, arri- the State, but against portions of his own fellow-citizens! By the light of lamps dimly burning, with a hush-A letter received from Kanawafa, Japan, dated the ed tread of footsteps, and with the silence of skulking

Such is a faint outline of Know Nothingism. I commenced in the North, in the hotbeds of abolitionism. ow. Winter Davis, Banks, and Tom Ford. It put the North against the South, the South against the North, the native against the toreigner, and the Protestant against the Catholic. It sharpened the knife and lit the torch of hand-to-hand conflict in Baltimore, New Orleans, and Louisville, between citizens of same country, until blood flowed like water, and self-government became a byword and a reproach in those Cities. It hunted down men who proudly claimed the American flag as their flag, because they worshipped God in their own way, and because they had foreign blood in their veins. If Washington had lived in such There is no material change in the San Francisco markets. Two thousand cases of assorted goods sold at auction did not bring 25 per cent. of the home cost.—
The samples only were sold. Coal is hard to sell at 13 a \$14 per ton.

Cedar Creek District.

Pursuant to a previous call a portion of the Democtice, it so trampled on individual rights, it so strengthened abolitionism, it so defied and contemned law in large cities, it so arrayed neighbor against neighbor and friend against friend that the whole Southern country, disgusted with its mummeries and indignant at its course, rose almost as one man and consigned it to defeat.—
But Black Republicanism had meanwhile risen on
its "ruins," and now threatens the very existence of the Government. In the South the members of selves of the odium of Know-Nothingism. But in vain. which Mr. Pool assumed as a Know Nothing, so that

this oath-bound faction again changed their name, de-clared themselves Whigs, and attempted to rid them-It will stick to them as long as their oaths stick in their consciences. We intend to hold them to it. We intend to hold John Pool to it. In our next we will refresh the minds of our readers more fully with the obligations every one may see what sort of a Governor he would be, f by possibility he should be elected.

Raleigh Standard

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—On last Thursday evening the family of Mr. W. H. Hubbard, residing in the county, about ten miles from town, were thrown into great distress by the accidental killing of the eldest son, great distress by the accidental killing of the eldest son, aged about fourteen years. On the evening mentioned, just before sunset, he, with several of his father's neighbors and neighbors' hands, was out fighting fire in the woods, which, under the influence of a strong wind, threatened great destruction of property, especially on his father's plantation. While passing in the neighborhood of some standing dead pines, the top of one of them blew off, falling on his head, and crushing the skull in, causing his death in about an hour after being struck. The loss of this promising boy has cast a deep gloom over the neighborhood in which his parents reside.

Wadesboro' Argus, 12th inst.

DESPATCH.—A letter ordering a cargo of corn was written here on Saturday afternoon last, was mailed on Sunday at 2 o'clock, was received at Wilmington on Monday morning, by Mr. A. E. Hall, Commission Merchant, and on Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock the corn shipped by Orrell & Dailey's Line was in Messers.

D. & W. McLaurin's warehouse. Quick work all round.—Observer.

LOW PRICES!

LOW PRICES!

April 9.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

OF WINDOW SHADES IN TOWN.—500 pair Window Description of the corn shipped by Orrell & Dailey's Line was in Messers.

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From the Charleston Courier.

The Courier did not wait or the official aid to utter an opinion concerning the

Jehouse outrage.

We are gratified, however, in publishing the the following the state of the st owing correspondence: WASHINGTON, April 9, 1860.

Editors Charleston Courier :- DEAR SIRS : Upon seeing the telegraphic dispatch from Charleston announcing that news had reached there of the seizure of the brig Jehossee by the British cruizer Falcon, I immediately addressed a note to the Secretary of State on the subject. I have just received his reply, which I beg you to publish in the Courier for information.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant, WM. PORCHER MILES.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, 9th April, 1860.

Hon. W. Porcher Miles, of the House of Representatives: DEAR SIE :—In answer to your letter of the 4th inst.,
I have the honor to state that information has been received through the Navy Department from Commodore Inman, commanding the American squadron upon the Coast of Africa, of the outrage committed by an armed party from the British cruiser the Falcon against the brig Jehossee, and that Mr. Dallas has been instructed to lay the case before the British Government, and to demand the necessary redress.

I have the honor to be, sir, Your obedient servant, LEWIS CASS.

The Proposed Steamship Line to Wilmington. Mr. J. P. Robertson, the efficient Superintendent of the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad, has visited our town during the present week, in attendance upon the session of the Court, and for the purpose of soliciting subscriptions to the stock of the Ocean Steam Navigation Company, which is to establish a line of Steamships between Wilmington and Northern ports. We are pleased to say that the enterprising spirit of our merchants and others was evinced by a handsome proportionate subscription. It is the purpose of the Com any to commence building the first ship in a few weeks arge subscription having already been secured at Wil

mington and other places. Sumter, S. C., Watchman, 14th inst. Plums may be retained on their trees till ripe by dig-

ging up an inch or two of soil around the tree in the spring of the year, and pouring about a gallon of airslacked lime in. Then replace the earth or get fresh A Wisconsin paper, after describing a farm which the advertiser wants to sell, adds : "The surrounding coun-

try is the most beautiful the God of nature ever made. The scenery is celestial-divine; also two wagons to sell and a yoke of steers." BLACK HAWK STALLION GREEN MOUNTAIN

TIERMS FOR THE SEASON,..... To Insure, \$20
To the Groom \$1

All Insurance Money to be paid as soon as the

All Insurance Money to be paid as soon as the Mare is considered with foal. All Mares put by the season to be paid by the season. All casualties at the risk of the owner. All Mares parted with before foaling, to be considered with foal.

GREEN MOUNTAIN BOY was bred by Abr. Baldwin, of Essex, N. Y.; since then he was purchased by E. P. Cuy-ler, his present owner. He has taken several first-class premiums at the different County Fairs.

GREEN MOUNTAIN BOY was got by the celebrated Trotting Black Hawk Stallion, known as the MERRICK HORSE, and is of a jet black color. The dam of Green Mountain Boy was sired by the Vermont Morgan Stallion.

THE GREEN MOUNTAIN BOY is justly acknowledged to be the best six year old Stallion of the Sherman Black Hawk Horses, whose pedigree goes back to the original Black Hawk, and from the best branch of the Morgan family. The Green Mountain Boy was raised in Northern New York; was six years old last June. He is of a jet black color, and weighs nearly 1,050 lbs.—Essex Co. Republican Sept. 20, 1859. We concur in the above statement concerning E. P. Cuy-

ler's Horse, to be what he represents him.

G. W. JOINER,

GEO. R. PALMER, Sessex, N. Y.

JOHN R. READ, Clinton Co. Clinton Co ABM. WELCH.

Will Stand for Mares every other week as follows: Porter's Neck, at N. N. Nixon's, on Monday and Tuesday; Holly Shelter, at E. D. Hall's, Thursday and Friday; Long Creek Larkins', on Monday and Tuesday; at Marlboro on Wednesday and Thursday; and at Currie's Stables, in Wilmington, on Friday and Saturday. 180-eod&32-1m April 4, 1860.

MANHOOD,

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED. Just Published, in a Seated Envelope,
ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT AND
RADICAL CURE OF SPERMATORRHEA,
or Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Nervous Bess and Involuntary Emissions, inducing Impotency and Mental and Physical Incapacity.

By ROB. J. CULVERWELL, M. D.,
Author of "The Green Book, &c.
The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful continuous services of the service clearly proves from his own experience that the awful continuous services are serviced by the services of the services of

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequence of self-abuse may be effectually removed without Medicine and without dangerous Surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal to any address, post paid, on the receipt of two postage stamps, by addressing Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE, M. D., 480 First Avenue, New York, Post Box 4586.

April 4, 1860.

CATARACT

WASHING MACHINE. Clothing, Time, and Labor Saved: INDISPENSABLE TO HOUSE-KEEPERS. THE most simple, economical, and durable article ever offered to the public to alleviate the discor-forts of wash-

DESCRIPTION. It consists of a metal cylinder, with ribs on the inside, and an interior cylinder of wood, with ribs. There is a space of from 6 to 8 inches between the two cylinders. One crank of from 6 to 8 inches between the two cylinders. One crank turns both cylinders at the same time in opposite directions, readily creating a suds, forcing the water through the clothes, and effectually removing the dirt. The action of the water does the work quickly, dispenses entirely with rubbing, and thus saves the wear of clothes.

SULLIVAN & HYATT, Proprietors,

54 BEEKMAN STREET, NEW YORK.

N. B.—State and County Rights for sale and nurch saves

N. B.—State and County Rights for sale, and purchasers supplied with Machines at wholesale on liberal terms.

\*\*\*BERMAN STREET, NEW YORK.

N. B.—State and County Rights for sale, and purchasers supplied with Machines at wholesale on liberal terms.

\*\*\*BERMAN STREET, NEW YORK.

149 & 27-3m

JUST RECEIVED.

KEGS GOSHEN BUTTER, FXTRA;
A lot of choice old Government Java Coffee;
Half Boxes Adamantine Candles;
A lot of experies Museum de Mules; A lot of superior Muscovado Molasses; A lot of Choice Porto Rico Sugar. Call and examine at No 26 North Water Street. O. KELLEY. April 6th. 1860.

> SECOND OPENING FRENCH MILLINERY

AND MANTILLAS

JUST OPENED, Paris pattern BONNETS, Silk and real Lace MANIILLAS, sent by our Simon B. Kahnweiler, now stationary in Paris, who has made arrangements to send semi monthly patterns of "la plus nou-The taste of our Simon B. K. is too well known to require The taste of our Simon B. K. is too well known to require any commending. He acts at present as agent for first class wholesale Millinery Houses in New York and Baltimore, which enables us to get these kind of goods at original importing prices, and, of course, can afford to sell them lower than any other Retail Millinery Establishment, North or South.

S. B. KAHNWEILER & CO.,
Old Stand, Corner Store.

S. B. KAHNWEILER,

A FTER REPEATED SOLICITATIONS from our numerous friends and patrons not to give up our READY.

MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT, we have ordered
a new stock, expressly for our establishment, to suit this
market, and we are now prepared to fit and suit all who may favor us with their patronage. We feel confident that our goods cannot be surpassed by any in market for quality and low pricess.

Proprietors of the Wilmington Civil and Military Tailoring Establishment and Clothing Store.

March 30th, 1860.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!! CLOTHING!!!

FLATS AND BLOOMERS. ELEGANTLY TRIMMED

WITH STRAW TRIMMINGS. BROWN LEGHORN AND BRAIDS, CHILDREN AND INFANTS' TURBANS, SHAKERS, SHAKERS, SHAKERS.

LOW PRICES! LOW PRICES!!

C. POLVOGT, Corner Front and Princess sts. April 3d.

NEW CROP CARDENAS MOLASSES.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform his friend and the public, that he has purchased the lease and fur niture of the JONES HOTEL in Philadelphia. The Hotel was entirely refitted and newly furnished last Spring, in portant additions will be put in this month, so that the older and well known Jones Hotel will be second to none in the second to the men of business or pleasure. city, as a home for the men of business or ple oderate. and every exertion will be AARON GAGE liberal share of patronage. 166-1m-30-1y

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR,

TT IS COMPOUNDED ENTIRELY FROM GUMS. has become an established fact, a Standard Medicine known and appproved by all that have used it and known and approved by now resorted to with confiwhich it is recommended. It has cured thousands who had given up all hopes unsolicited certificates in The dose must be adaptive in dividual taking it, and act gently on the Bowels.

Let the dictates of your use of the LIVER INcure Liver Complaints, sia, Chronic Diarrhaa, entery, Dropsy, Sour Stome Cholic, Cholera, Cholera all that have used it, and it dence in all the diseases for

MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, AND SWALLOW BOTH TOGETHER

Price One Dollar per Bottle SANFORD'S CATHARTIC

COMPOUNDED FROM Pure Vegetable Extracts, and put up in GLASS CASES Air Tight, and will keep in any clim
The Famity Oathartic
tive Cathartic which the PILLS is a gentle but ac proprietor has used in hi practice more than twerty The constantly increashave long used the PILLS all express in regard to their them within the reach of The Profession well know and different persions of the Profession well known different persions of the Profession well known different catharties are The Frotesion were known of the bowels.

The FAMILY CATHAR-

eference to this well estabded from a variety of the purest Vegetable Extracts which act alike on every part of the alimentary ca in all cases where a Cathar nal, and are good and safe tic is needed, such as Detic is needed, such as De-Sleepiness, Pains in the Eack and Loins, Costing ness, Pain and Soreness sudden cold, which frein a long course of Fever, Loss of Appetite, a Cree in a long course of Fever, ing Sensation of Cold over ache, or Weight in the Diseases, Worms in Chiltism, a great Purifier of the to which flesh is heir, too advertisement. Dose, 1 to PRICE 3 DIMES.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR AND FAMILY CATHAR. TIC PILLS are retailed by Druggists generally, and so wholesale by the Trade in all the large towns. S. T. W. SANDFORD, M. D., Manufacturer and Proprietor, 335 Broadway, New York.

March 24, 1860. MRS. WINSLOW. An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents

SOOTHING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay Al. PAIN and spasmodic action, and is Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yours RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS. We have put up and sold this article for over ten year and CAN SAY, IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of ;

any other medicine
| FAILED, IN A SIN| TO EFFECT A | used. Never did we dis s atisfaction by | MRS. | WINSLOW'S | GLE INSTANCE |
| CURE, when timely | know an instance of | the contrary, all are delighted with its operaspeak in terms of commendation of its magical effect medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after ten years' experience, AND PLEESE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILLMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is admin

istered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS in THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieves.

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, AND WIND COLIC vulsions, which, if died, end in death.— BEST AND SUREST and overcome connot speedily remeWe believe it the CHILDREN REMEDY IN THE TEETHING WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY
IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—DO NOT LET YOUR PREJUDICES, NOR THE PREJUDICES OF OTHERS, stand between you and your suffering chile and the relief that will be SURE—yes, ABSOLUTELY SUR —to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuing

unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New-York unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New-1 is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Principal Office, 13 Cedar Street, N. Y.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE. Sold in Wilmington, N. C., by WALKER MEARES. Feb. 25th, 1860 147-3m-27-

L. B. HUGGINS & SONS,

B. E. CORNER MARKET & SECOND STREETS.

BEG LEAVE to inform their Town and Country friends, that they are receiving their Spring supply of Goods, embracing their usual variety of DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CROCKERY, HARDWARE, &c., to all of which they invite the attention of the public, feeling confident that they can offer good articles at as low prices as can be had elsewhere. Among their stock of where. Among their stock of DRY GOODS, May be found Bleached and Brown Shirtings, Marlboro Stripes and Plaids, Moriner Stripes, Denims, Cottonades.

Jeans, Prints, Hosiery, &c.
BOOTS AND SHOES. Men's fine Calf and heavy Boots, Boys' Boots, Men's Calf and Kip Brogans, Ladies Congress and Lace Gaiters, Ladies and Misses' Boots and Buskins, Childrens Boots and Gaiters.

A good assortment of Men's and Boys' Cassimere, Wooland Palm Lealf HATS.

GROCERIES. A. B. & C. Sugars, Crushed, Loaf, Powdered and Porto Rico do., Rio, Laguayra and Java Coffee, fine and common green and black Teas, Soda, Sugar and Butter Crackers-

pices, all kinds, Colgate's Soap and Starch, Raisins, Can dy, Extra Sugar House Syrup, &c., &c.
PROVISIONS. Butter, Cheese, Lard, Bacon, Mackerel, Salmon, Herring, Smoked Beef and Tongues, &c. The above with many other articles, may be found in our establishment, to which we ask an examination, feeling as

sured that we shall be able to furnish you with superior a cles at low prices. L. B. HUGGINS & SONS. April 4th, 1860 S. E. cor. Mar. and Sec. sts.



happen, even in well-regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Turniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point. There is no longer a necessity for limping chairs, splintered veneers, headless colls, and broken eradies. It is just the article for cone, shell, and ocer mamental work, so popular with ladies of refinement and

This admirable preparation is used cold, being chemically held in olution, and possessing all the valuable qualities of the best cabinet makers' Glue. It may be used in the place of ordinary mucilage being vastly more adhesive.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE." M. B. - A Brush accompanies each bettle. Price, 25 Cents.

Wholesale Depot, No. 48 Cedar Street, New York.
ddress HENRY C. SPALDING & CO.,
Box No. 3,600, N. York. Put up for Dealers in Cases containing four, eight, and n-a beautiful Lithrograph Show-Card

panying each package. will save ten times its cost annually to every household. Sold by all prominent Stationers, Druggists, Hardware and Furniture Dealers, Grocers, and Fancy Stores.

County merchants should make a note of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, when making up their list. It will stand any climate.